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## RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF THE COLLEGE OF MIDWIVES OF BRITISH COLUMBIA MADE THIS 14TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 2016 AT VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

**RESOLVED THAT,** in accordance with the authority established in section 19 (1) of the *Health Professions Act*, and subject to the filing with the Ministry of Health as required under section 19 (3) of the Act, the Board amend the bylaws of the College of Midwives of BC, as set out in the schedule attached to this resolution.

**CERTIFIED A TRUE COPY** 

Louise Aerts

Registrar & Executive Director College of Midwives of BC

# IN THE MATTER OF THE HEALTH PROFESSIONS ACT, S.B.C. 1990, c. 50 AND THE MIDWIVES REGULATION, B.C. Reg. 103/95

# **BYLAWS**

# **FOR**

# **COLLEGE OF MIDWIVES OF BRITISH COLUMBIA**

COLLEGE OF MIDWIVES OF BRITISH COLUMBIA #207, 1682 West 7th Avenue Vancouver, British Columbia V6J 4S6

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Date approved by the board: December 16, 1996

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#### PART A

#### **Definitions**

1. \_\_\_\_In these bylaws, the following definitions apply:

"Act" means the Health Professions Act;

"appointed board member" means a member of the board appointed under section  $\frac{1617}{3}$  (3)() (b) of the Act;

"board" means the board for the college;

"board member" means an appointed board member or an elected board member;

**"chair"** means the person appointed under this bylaw to chair the board, a committee or a panel, and includes the vice-chair when the context so requires;

"client" means the woman and, where appropriate, her newborn, under the care of the registrant;

"college" means the College of Midwives of British Columbia;

**"conditional registrant"** means a registrant who is registered in the class established in section 4445 (b);

"conditional (remedial) registrant" means a registrant who is registered in the class established in section 4445 (c);

"conditional (return to practice) registrant" means a registrant who is registered in the class established in section 4445 (d);

"consent agreement" means the record of an undertaking or a consent given under section  $\frac{3536}{6}$  of the *Act* for the purposes of resolving a complaint;

**"continuity of care"** means the provision of midwifery services during the antepartum, intrapartum and postpartum periods, to a client by a registrant or small group of registrants known to the client, and includes twenty four (24) hour on-call availability of care from a midwife known to the woman;

"deliver" with reference to a notice or other document, includes mail to or leave with a person, or deposit in a person's mailbox or receptacle at the person's place of residence or place of business, or transmit to the most recent electronic mail address provided to the college by a registrant for the purpose of delivery;

"elected board member" means a member of the board elected under section  $\frac{1617}{(3)}$  (a) of the Act;

- "general registrant" means a registrant who is registered in the class established in section 4445 (a);
- "hospital" has the same meaning as in section 1 of the Hospital Act;
- "incapacitated" means that a registrant is suffering from a physical or mental ailment, emotional disturbance, or an addiction to alcohol or drugs that impairs her or his ability to practice midwifery;
- "in good standing", in respect of a registrant, means
  - (a) the registrant's registration as a member of the college is not suspended under the *Act*, and
  - (b) no limits or conditions are imposed on the practice of midwifery by the registrant under section  $20_{\frac{1}{2}}(2.1)$  or (3), 32.2, 32.3, 33, 35, 36, 37.1, 38, 39 or 39.1 of the Act;
- "jurisprudence examination" means an examination respecting the regulations, standards and knowledge specific to the practice of midwifery in British Columbia;
- **"non-practising registrant"** means a registrant who is registered in the class established in section 4445 (h);
- "personal information" hasmeans
  - (a) For the meaning prescribed underpurposes of Part 3, "personal information" as defined in Schedule 1 of the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act;, and
  - (b) For the purposes of section 73, "personal information" as defined in section 1 of the *Personal Information Profection Act*;
- **"principal midwife"** means a midwife who, in her or his practice or as part of her or his midwifery education program, takes responsibility for and provides midwifery services as the primary care provider during the intrapartum period, in a hospital or out-of-hospital setting;
- "professional misconduct of a sexual nature" means exploitation of the registrantclient relationship in a sexual way by the registrant's words or actions, or both;
- "public representative" means a person who is not a registrant and who has no close family or business relationship with a registrant and includes an appointed board member when the context so requires;
- "recognized midwifery education program" means a midwifery education program that is recognized by the college for the purpose of registration and specified in Schedule 63;

- "record" has the meaning prescribed under Schedule 1 of the *Freedom of Information* and *Protection of Privacy Act*;
- "registrant" means a person who is granted registration as a member of the college;
- "registrar" means the registrar for the college;
- **"registration examination"** means the Canadian Midwifery Registration Examination, or any other theoretical or practical examination or assessment, given orally or in writing, or any combination of these used for the purposes of assessing an application for registration under this Part, and includes a supplemental examination or a re-examination;
- "Regulation" means the Midwives Regulation, B.C. Reg. 281/2008;
- **"regulatory authority"** means a regulatory college, professional association or governmental body that regulates a profession;
- **"respondent"** means a <u>current or former</u> registrant named in a citation issued under section 3637 of the *Act*;
- **"second midwife"** means a midwife who, in her or his practice or as a part of her or his midwifery education program, takes responsibility for assisting the principal midwife during the intrapartum period in an out-of-hospital setting;
- "standards of practice" means the standards set out in Part VIII of the bylaws or a statement published by the board under section 19(1)(k) of the *Act*, setting out the minimum standard, or minimum standards, for practising the profession or a specified aspect of midwifery practice and which reflect the essential knowledge, skills and abilities registrants are expected to have in order to perform or provide midwifery services in a safe, competent and professional manner, along with any related limits or conditions that must be observed or met to ensure registrants do not practise in an incompetent manner;
- **"student registrant"** means a registrant who is registered in the class established in section 4445 (i);
- "temporary (emergency) registrant" means a registrant who is registered in the class established in section 4445 (g);
- "temporary (limited scope) registrant" means a registrant who is registered in the class established in section 4445 (f);
- "temporary registrant" means a registrant who is registered in the class established in section 4445 (e).

#### PART I: BOARD OF THE COLLEGE

#### First board

- 1.1 (1) Notwithstanding the definitions set out in part 1, for the purposes of this part of the bylaws:
  - (a) "appointed board member" means a person appointed under section 16(2)(a) of the *Act*, to represent the public on the first board; and
  - (b) "elected board member" means a person appointed under section 16(2)(a) of the *Act* to represent midwives on the first board.
  - (2) This section is repealed ninety (90) days following the first election referred to in section 16(2)(a) of the *Act*.

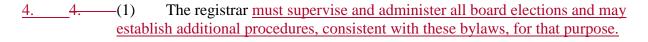
## **Board members**

2. The board shall consist of six (6) elected board members and three (3)the appointed board members.

#### Nomination procedure

- 3. (1) At least six (6three (3) months prior to the expiry of the term of office of an elected board member, the registrar shall notify every registrant of pending vacant positions and provide information about the voting procedure and of the nomination procedure by sending a written notice to each registrant to her or his last known address.
  - (2) Any registrant, in good standing, may nominate for office a maximum of three (3) registrants for election to the board.
  - (3) Nominations may be made by <u>mailingdelivering</u> such nomination to the registrar, together with a letter of consent from the nominee, at least <u>four (4two (2)</u> months prior to the expiry of the term of office.
  - (4) A nominee shall declare in writing, that she or he will observe the provisions of the *Act*, the Regulation and these bylaws and the procedures related to the election and the conduct of the election.
  - (5) The registrar shall disqualify any nominee whose nomination or election contravenes the *Act*, the Regulation, or these bylaws.

## Election procedure



- (2) The registrar shall prepare and maildeliver to each registrant an election ballot not less than three (3) months weeks prior to the expiry of the term of office.
- (23) Each registrant will be entitled to one (1) ballot and may vote in favour of one (1) person for each board position to be elected.
- (3) A (4) The registrar must not count a ballot shall not be counted unless it is has been received by the registrar at least sixty (60) days prior to election trustee in accordance with the expiry of procedures established in subsection (1) no later than the term of office date determined by the registrar under subsection (1) and is contained in an envelope indicated on which the registrant's name and signature appears. the ballot.
  - (45) The person or persons receiving the most votes on the return of the ballots shall be elected to the board.
  - (56) In the case of a tie vote, an additional vote for one (1) of the tied candidates shall be cast the registrar must select the successful candidate by a random draw.
- (7) If only one candidate is nominated for election to be administered a vacant office under section 3 by the registrar close of nominations, the nominee is elected by acclamation.
  - (6) The board may establish procedures, consistent with these bylaws, governing8)

    In the administration of all elections and a service or technical interruption of a voting method, the registrar shall supervise may extend the administration of all elections in accordance with those procedures deadline until such time as is reasonable to accommodate for the interruption.

#### Vacancy

5. —Any vacancy of an elected board member position may be filled by another registrant for the period of time until the next scheduled board election by a vote of at least two thirds (2/3) of the remaining board members.

#### Term of office

6. (1) The term of office for an elected board member is three (3) years from date elected.

(2)

consecutive terms. (3) AAn elected board member may resign at any time by delivering a notice in writingceases to the registrar and the resignation of a hold office as an elected board member shall take effect immediately upon its deliveryif he or she is removed from office under section 17.11 (5) of the Act, (b) ceases to be a registrant in good standing with the college, becomes an employee of the college, (c) becomes a director or officer of a midwifery professional association, (d) resigns from office as an elected board member, or (e) (f) dies. (4) A member of the board who resigns or whose appointment term has ended: may continue to serve until a successor is appointed; and (a) (b) even if a successor is appointed may continue to serve as a member of a committee or panel to complete work commenced before their resignation or end of term. An elected board member may be removed by a special resolution of the board or of the registrants at a general meeting held in accordance with the provisions of Part 3. First election and staggered terms of office

An elected board member is eligible for re-election, for a maximum of two (2)

(1) Notwithstanding section 6, the first term of the elected board members who are elected during the first election shall be:

 (a) three (3) years, for the persons receiving the first and second highest number of votes;
 (b) two (2) years, for the persons receiving the third and fourth highest number of votes; and
 (c) one (1) year, for the persons receiving the fifth and sixth highest number of votes.

 (2) This section is repealed four (4) years after the coming into force of this bylaw.

Election/appointment of the president and vice-president

7. — (1) The president and vice-president shall each be elected or appointed by the\_ board from its members for one (1) term of up to two (2) years.
(2) The president and vice-president are eligible for re-election for a maximum of two (2) consecutive terms.

#### Powers of the president and vice-president

## Acting chair

- 9. In the absence of the president or the vice-president, an acting chair for a meeting shall be elected by a majority vote of:
  - (1) (a)—the members of the board present at a board meeting; or
  - (2) (b)—the registrants present at a general meeting.

#### Board meetings

- 10. 10. (1) The board shall meet in person at least four (4) times in each fiscal year.
  - (2) The registrar shall ensure that reasonable notice of board meetings is given to registrants and to the public. Notice may be provided to registrants by posting a notice on the college website.
  - (3) Notwithstanding subsection (2), the registrar or the president may call a meeting of the board without providing notice to the registrants where necessary to conduct urgent business.
  - (4) The registrar shall provide the following to members of the public on request:
    - (a) details of the time and place of a board meeting;

- (b) a copy of the agenda for the board meeting; and
- (c) a copy of the minutes of any preceding the previous board meeting.
- (5) Meetings of the board shall be called by the registrar at the request of either the president or any three (3) board members.
- (6) A majority of the board constitutes a quorum provided at least one appointed board member is present.
- (7) The registrar shall ensure that minutes are taken at each board meeting and retained on file.
- (8) Subject to subsection (9), meetings of the board must be open to registrants and to the public.
- (9) The board may exclude any person who is not a board member from any part of a meeting if it is satisfied that one or more of the following matters will be discussed:
  - (a) Financial or personal or other matters that are of such a nature that the interest of any affected person or the public interest in avoiding disclosure of those matters outweighs the public interest in board meetings being open to the public;
  - (b) Information concerning an application by any individual for registration under section 20 of the Act or reinstatement or renewal thereof the disclosure of which would be an unreasonable invasion of the applicant's personal privacy;
  - (c) Information concerning a complaint against, or an investigation of, any individual under Part 3 of the Act, the disclosure of which would be an unreasonable invasion of the individual's personal privacy;
  - (d) Information concerning an assessment of the professional performance of a registrant under section 26.1 of the Act, the disclosure of which would be an unreasonable invasion of the registrant's personal privacy;
  - (e) information the disclosure of which may prejudice the interests of any person involved in
    - i) a proceeding under the Act, including a disciplinary proceeding under Part 3 of the Act, a review under Part 4.2 of the Act, or
    - ii) any other criminal, civil or administrative proceeding;
  - (f) personnel matters;

- (g) property acquisitions;
- (h) the contents of examinations;
- (i) information concerning the scoring or results of examinations, or a report of an examiner under section 59 (4), the disclosure of which would be an unreasonable invasion of any individual's personal privacy;
- (j) communications with the Office of the Ombudsperson;
- (k) instructions given to or opinions received from legal counsel, or any other matter which is subject to solicitor-client privilege;
- (l) information which the college would be required or authorized to refuse to disclose to an applicant making a request for records under Part 2 of the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act; or
- (m) information which the college is otherwise required by law to keep confidential.
- (10) If the board excludes any person from a part of the meeting, it must have its reasons for doing so noted in the minutes of the meeting.
- (11) In the case of a tie, the chair of the meeting does not have a second vote in addition to the vote to which the chair is entitled as a board member, and the proposed resolution does not pass.
- (12) The board may meet and conduct business in person or by video, telephone conference, web casting, or an equivalent medium.
- (13) A resolution approved by the majority of all board members in writing, including mail, facsimile, or email, is valid and binding and of the same effect as if such resolution had been duly passed at a meeting of the board.
- (14) Such a resolution as passed in subsection (13) must be verified and made a part of the minutes of the next board meeting.
- (15) Except as otherwise provided in the Act, the Regulation or these bylaws, *Robert's Rules of Order, revised*, shall govern the procedures at meetings of the board.
- (16) The accidental omission to deliver notice of a meeting to, or on the non-receipt of a notice by, any person entitled to receive notice under subsection (2) does not invalidate proceedings at that meeting.

#### Committees

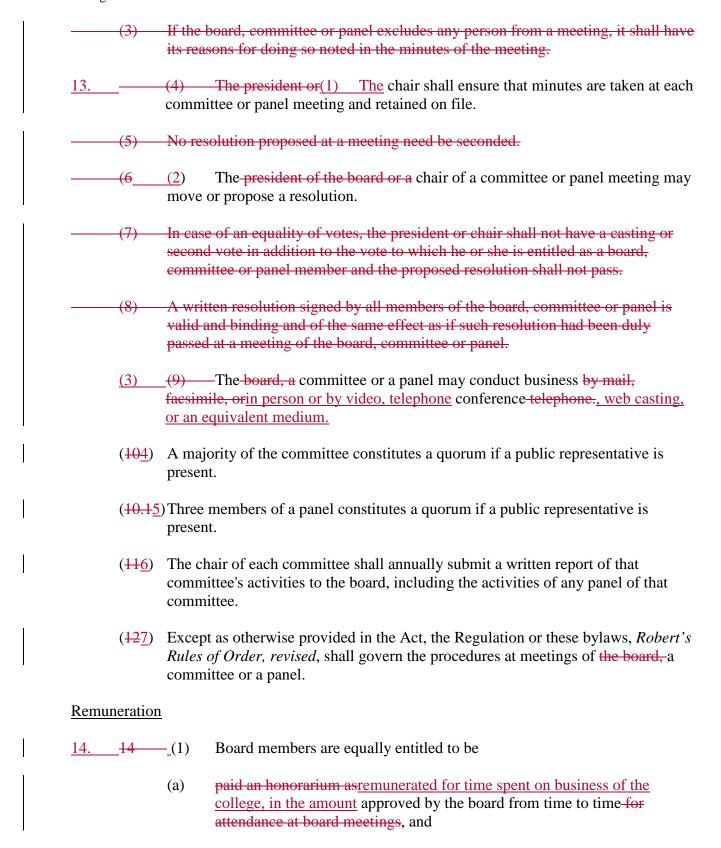
- 11. (1) All committees shall carry out the powers, duties or functions assigned under the Act.
  - (2) A committee member:
    - (a) shall sit for a term of three (3) years from date appointed;
    - (b) is eligible for re-appointment for a maximum of two (2) consecutive terms; and
    - (c) may be removed by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the board.
  - (3) The board shall appoint a committee chair from among the members of the committee.
  - (4) Each committee and panel shall consist of one-third (1/3) public representation.
  - (5) The registrar shall be a non-voting, ex-officio member of all committees.

## Appointment of panels

12. A committee chair may establish a panel, appoint the chair and members of that panel.

## General rules governing meetings of the board, a committee or a panel

- 13. (1) The meetings of the board, a committee or a panel shall be open to registrants and to the public.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), the board, committee or panel may exclude any person from any meeting, or part of a meeting, if it is satisfied that:
- (a) financial or personal or other matters may be disclosed of such a nature that the desirability of avoiding public disclosure of them in the interest of any person affected or in the public interest outweighs the desirability of adhering to the principle that meetings be open to the public;
  - (b) a person involved in a court or tribunal proceeding may be prejudiced;
- (c) personnel matters or property acquisitions will be discussed; or
- (d) instructions will be given to or opinions received from legal counsel for the college, the board, committees or panels.



- (b) reimbursed by the college for reasonable expenses necessarily incurred in connection with business of the board.
- (2) Committee or panel members are equally entitled to be
  - (a) paid an honorarium as(a) remunerated for time spent on business of the college, in the amount approved by the board from time to time, and
  - (b) reimbursed by the college for reasonable expenses necessarily incurred in connection with business of the committee or a panel of the committee.

## **Executive** committee

- 15. 14.1 (1) The executive committee is established consisting of three (3) board members appointed by the board, at least one (1) of whom must be an appointed board member.
  - (2) The executive committee may act on any matter related to the ongoing administration of the college, and may exercise all the powers of the board except when the board is in session.
  - (3) The executive committee must take minutes of its proceedings and submit them to the board at the next board meeting.

## Registration committee

- 16. 15. (1) The registration committee is established consisting of at least six (6) persons appointed by the board, at least one (1) of whom must be an elected board member.
  - (2) At least one-third (1/3) of the registration committee must consist of public representatives.

#### Inquiry committee

- 17. \_\_\_\_\_(1) The inquiry committee is established consisting of at least three (3) persons appointed by the board, at least one (1) of whom must be an elected board member.
  - (1.12) At least one-third (1/3) of the inquiry committee must consist of public representatives.
  - (23) The chair of the inquiry committee may appoint an inquiry panel, consisting of at least three (3) members, one (1) of whom shall be a public representative, to investigate a complaint referred to the committee by the registrar.

- (34) The chair of the inquiry committee may appoint a fitness to practice panel consisting of at least three (3) representatives, one (1) of whom shall be a public representative, to investigate a registrant where there is reason to believe that the registrant is incapacitated.
- (5) The board must not appoint a person to be a member of the inquiry committee and the discipline committee at the same time.

## Discipline committee

- - (1.12) At least one-third (1/3) of the discipline committee must consist of public representatives.
  - (23) The chair of the discipline committee may appoint a panel, consisting of at least three (3) members, one (1) of whom shall be a public representative, to hear any matter set down for a hearing by citation.
  - (4) The board must not appoint a person to be a member of the discipline committee and the inquiry committee at the same time.

## Quality assurance committee

- 19. 18. (1) The quality assurance committee is established consisting of at least six (6) persons appointed by the board, at least three (3) of whom must be registrants and at least one (1) of whom must be an elected board member.
  - (2) At least one-third (1/3) of the quality assurance committee must consist of public representatives.
  - (3) The quality assurance committee is responsible for:
    - (a) reviewing the standards of practice to enhance the quality of midwifery practice among registrants and making recommendations to the board,
    - (b) recommending continuing competency requirements for the purposes of section 5963 to the board,
    - (c) reviewing the criteria, policies and procedures pertaining to certification programs for the performance of activities described in section 6(2) of the Regulation, and the competencies required for certification, and making recommendations to the board for approval,

- (d) reviewing certification programs for the performance of activities described in section 6(2) of the Regulation, in accordance with applicable criteria or policies established by the board, and making recommendations to the board for approval,
- (e) recommending a quality assurance program to the board,
- (f) administering the quality assurance program to promote high standards of practice among registrants,
- (g) assessing the professional performance of individual registrants, which may include
  - (i) an on-site visit to a registrant's place of practice,
  - (ii) a review of the patterns of prescribing, ordering of diagnostic tests and consultations described in section 6\_(1) of the Regulation, or
  - (iii) any other method of quality assurance approved by the board, and
- (h) establishing remedial procedures to assist registrants in identifying and correcting deficiencies in their clinical abilities or places of practice.

## Standards of practice committee

- 20. 18.1 (1) The standards of practice committee is established consisting of eleven (11ten (10) persons appointed by the board as follows:
  - (a) four (4) general registrants, at least one (1) of whom must be an elected board member;
  - (b) four (4three (3)) public representatives, at least one (1) of whom must be an appointed board member;
  - (c) one (1) registrant in good standing of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of British Columbia, who must be an obstetrician gynaecologist or a family physician in obstetrical practice, confirmed by the College of Physicians and Surgeons as suitable for membership on the committee;
  - (d) one (1) registrant in good standing of the College of Pharmacists of British Columbia confirmed by the College of Pharmacists as suitable for membership on the committee; and
  - (e) one (1) person nominated by the Ministry of Health.
  - (2) The standards of practice committee is responsible for

- (a) reviewing and recommending to the board the drugs and substances that midwives may prescribe, order and administer consistent with the midwife's scope of practice and Schedules A and B of the Regulation,
- (b) developing and recommending to the board the standards of practice for prescribing, ordering and administering drugs,
- (c) reviewing and recommending to the board the screening and diagnostic tests that midwives may order and interpret, and
- (d) developing and recommending to the board the standards of practice for ordering and interpreting screening and diagnostic tests.

## Client relations committee

- 21. 19. (1) The client relations committee is the patient relations committee referred to in clause 19 (1)(t) (t) of the Act.
  - (2) The client relations committee is established consisting of at least three (3) persons appointed by the board, at least one (1) of whom must be an elected board member.
  - (2.13) At least one-third (1/3) of the client relations committee must consist of public representatives.
  - (34) The client relations committee shall:
    - (a) develop and co-ordinate sexual abuse educational programs for registrants, as required;
    - (b) develop guidelines for the conduct of registrants with their clients;
    - (c) <u>developprovide</u> information <u>material forto</u> the public explaining the guidelines developed under clause (b);
    - (d) establish and maintain procedures by which the college deals with complaints of professional misconduct of a sexual nature; and
    - (e) monitor and periodically evaluate the operation of the procedures established under clause (d).

## Committee on aboriginal midwifery

22. 20. (1) The committee on aboriginal midwifery is established consisting of at least three (3) aboriginal persons appointed by the board.

- (2) The committee on aboriginal midwifery may recommend bylaws to the board regarding the following matters:
  - (a) a class of traditional aboriginal midwives and classes of aboriginal midwives;
  - (b) requirements for the registration of traditional aboriginal midwives and aboriginal midwives;
  - (c) standards, limits or conditions for the practice of midwifery by aboriginal midwives;
  - (d) standards of professional ethics for aboriginal midwives;
  - (e) standards of education for aboriginal midwives;
  - (f) requirements for continuing education for aboriginal midwives; and
  - (g) procedures to be followed by the committee.
- (3) The committee on aboriginal midwifery may nominate a person to fill a position on each committee of the board.
- (4) Where a recommendation by the committee made under subsection (2) is not accepted by the board regarding a proposed bylaw, the matter may be referred to the Minister jointly by the board and the committee on aboriginal midwifery.

#### PART II: COLLEGE ADMINISTRATION

#### Seal

- 23. 21. (1) The board may provide a common seal for the college.
  - (2) The seal of the college shall be affixed to certificates of registration and such other documents as the board may direct by resolution, under the hands of such persons as the board may designate.

## Registrar

- 24. 22. In addition to the powers and duties of the registrar under the Act, the registrar must
  - (1) (a) be responsible for is the funds Executive Director of the college and make deposits in a chartered bank or other similar financial institution designated by holds final responsibility for all administrative and operational matters for the board, college
  - (b2) at each meeting of the board, submitsubmits a report of all revenues and expenditures since the last meeting unless otherwise ordered by the board,
  - (c) submit3) submits an annual report to the annual general meeting of the college,
  - (d) submit a financial statement to the auditor immediately after the end of each fiscal year, and
  - (e) carry(4) is authorized to establish, by bylaw, forms for the purposes of the bylaws, and to require the use of such forms by registrants, and
  - (5) carries out other such duties as directed by the board.

## Deputy registrar

- 25. 22.1 If a deputy registrar(s) is appointed by the board, under section 21 of the Act,
  - (a)(1) the deputy registrar is authorized to perform all duties and exercise all powers of the registrar, subject to the direction of the registrar, and
  - (b2) if the registrar is absent or unable to act for any reason, the deputy registrar is authorized to perform all duties and exercise all powers of the registrar.

# Fiscal year

26. 23. The fiscal year of the college shall commence on April 1st and end on March 31st of the following year.

#### **Payments**

- 24. All payments on behalf of the college shall be made by cheque or by pre approved automatic payment for items charged to the college's credit cards:
  - (1) All cheques shall be signed by:
    - (a) the registrar and one of the board members with signing authority; or
    - (b) two of the board members with signing authority so long as one of them is a member of the executive; or
    - (c) the registrar and the office manager to a maximum of Cdn \$2,000 per cheque; or
    - (d) the office manager and one of the executive members with signing authority to a maximum of Cdn \$2,000 per cheque.

## **Banking**

27. The college shall establish and maintain such accounts with a chartered bank, trust company or credit union as the board determines necessary from time to time.

## Payments and commitments

- 28. 26. (1) The registrar and a designated board member may
  - (a) must approve payments an operating expense and commitments revenue budget for the purchase of goods each fiscal year, and
  - (b) may, from time to time, as and services subject to any conditions the board considers necessary, authorize the registrar to approve capital expenditures up to \$1,000a maximum amount as determined by the board.
- (2) All payments and commitments by the college in excess of \$1,000 shall be approved by the board.
- (2) The registrar may authorize any budgeted expenditure provided that the registrar is satisfied that the expenditure will not cause the total of the annual operating expense budget to be exceeded.
  - (3) The board shall not purchase personal registrar may authorize an expenditure that was not contemplated by the operating expense budget or real property or enter contracts that exceeds the amounts set out in that budget for services in excess any item of expense or a capital expenditure, provided the registrar is satisfied that the contemplated expenditure will not
    - (a) compromise the board's annual objectives

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- (b) cause the total of \$100,000 without a special resolution approved the annual operating expense budget to be exceeded, or
  - (c) exceed the registrar's authority to approve capital expenditures as authorised by the registrants board under subsection (1) (b).
  - (4) If the registrar authorizes an expenditure under subsection (3), the registrar must report that action to the board at a generality next meeting.

## Financial authority



- (1) raise or secure the payment or repayment of money on behalf of and in the name of the college, in the manner it decides, in order to carry out the purposes of the college; and
- (b(2) invest funds of the college in lawful securities for the establishment of trust funds in the name of the college and may change those investments.

#### Borrowing powers

30. 28. The registrants may, by special resolution at an annual or special general meeting, restrict the borrowing powers of the board, but a restriction imposed expires at the next annual general meeting.

## <u>Investment income</u>

29. All income derived from invested funds shall be added to and become part of the ordinary income of the college.

## **Auditor**

32. 30. The board shall appoint a chartered accountant or a certified general accountant to be the auditor who shall audit the financial statement submitted by the registrar immediately afterwithin 90 days of the end of each fiscal year.

## Legal counsel

31. The board The board or, with approval of the board, a committee or panel or the registrar, may retain legal counsel for the purpose of assisting the board, committees, or panels in carrying out any duty or responsibility under the Act, the Regulation or these bylaws.

#### PART III: GENERAL MEETINGS OF REGISTRANTS

## General meetings and annual general meetings

- 34. 32. (1) A general meeting of the registrants shall be held in British Columbia at a time and place determined by the board.
- (2) The first annual general meeting shall be held not more than fifteen (15) months after the date the bylaws are approved by the Lieutenant Governor in Council and after that an (2) An annual general meeting shall be held at least once in every calendar year and not more than fifteen (15) months after the holding of the last preceding annual general meeting.
  - (3) The following matters shall be considered at an annual general meeting:
    - (a) financial statements; and the report of the auditor if any; and
    - (b) the report of the board; and
    - (c) the report of the auditor, if any.
  - (4) Every general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, is an extraordinary general meeting.
  - (5) The board:
    - (a) may convene an extraordinary general meeting by resolution of the board; and
    - (b) shall convene an extraordinary general meeting within sixty (60) days after receipt by the registrar of a request for such a meeting signed by at least ten (10) percent of registrants or fifteen (15) registrants, whichever is greater.

#### Notice of general meetings

- 35. (1) The board shall deliver notice of an annual or extraordinary general meeting to every registrant at least forty-five (45) days prior to the meeting.
  - (2) Notice of a general meeting shall include:
    - (a) the place, day and time of the meeting;
    - (b) the general nature of the business to be considered at the meeting;
    - (c) any resolutions proposed by the board; and

- (d) any resolutions proposed by the registrants under section 3436 and delivered to the registrar prior to the mailing of the notice.
- (4) Notice of the general meeting may be provided to the public by posting a notice on the college website.
- (5) The accidental omission to deliver notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of a notice by, any registrant or board member entitled to receive notice does not invalidate proceedings at that meeting.

## Resolutions proposed by registrants

- 36. 34. (1) Any ten (10) registrants may deliver a written notice to the registrar requesting the introduction of a resolution at least thirty (30) days prior to the date of an annual or extraordinary general meeting.
  - (2) On receipt of a notice specified in subsection (1) and at least fourteen (14) days prior to the date of that meeting, the registrar shall deliver a notice and a copy of the resolution to each registrant.
  - (3) A registrant may propose a resolution at a general meeting from the floor and any such resolution will be noted by the chair of the meeting and placed at the end of the agenda to be debated if time permits.
  - (4) A resolution passed or defeated at a general meeting must not bind the board, any committee of the college, the registrar, or any other officer, employee or agent of the college in the exercise of its or their powers or in the performance of its or their duties under the Act or any other enactment.

## Proceedings at general meetings

- 37. (1) A quorum is ten (10) percent of total registrants or fifteen (15) registrants, whichever is greaterin good standing.
  - (2) No business, other than the adjournment or termination of the meeting, may be conducted at a general meeting at a time when a quorum is not present.
  - (3) If at any time during a general meeting there ceases to be a quorum present, business then in progress shall be suspended until there is a quorum present.

- (4) If within thirty (30) minutes from the time appointed for the commencement of a general meeting or from any time during a general meeting when a quorum is not present, the meeting shall be adjourned.
- (5) In the absence of the president and the vice-president of the board, an acting chair for a meeting shall be elected by a majority vote of the registrants present.

- \_\_\_\_\_(6) A general meeting may be adjourned from time to time and from place to place, but no business may be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
  - (7) When a meeting is adjourned in accordance with subsection (4) or by motion, notice of the rescheduled meeting shall be delivered as in the case of the original meeting.
  - (8) A registrant present at a meeting is entitled to one (1) vote and the chair of the meeting, where the chair is a registrant, is entitled to one (1) vote.
- (9) Voting shall be conducted by ballot.
- (10 (9)) In case of a tie vote, the proposed resolution shall not pass.
  - (1110) Except as these bylaws otherwise provide, the most recent edition of *Robert's Rules of Order* governs the procedures at an annual or extraordinary general meeting.

## Notice to public representatives

36.38. Every notice or mailing provided to the general membership of the college shall also be provided to a public representative serving on the board or a committee or panel.

#### PART IV: COLLEGE RECORDS

Body responsible Responsibility for administering the administration of Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act

- 39. \_\_37. \_\_(1) The registrar is the "head" of the college for the purposes of the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act.
  - (2) The registrar may authorise a person employed by the college or a person who has contracted to perform services for the college to perform any duty or exercise any function of the registrar that arises under the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*.
  - (3) The board is responsible for ensuring that the registrar fulfils the applicable duties under the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*.
  - (4) The registrar shall report to the board regarding the steps she or he has taken to fulfil the applicable duties under the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*.

#### Fees for information requests

40. 38. Subject to section 75 of the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy*Act, an applicant who requests access to a college record under section 5 of the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act shall pay the fees set out in Schedule 41 of the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Regulation for services required to comply with the information request.

## Protection of personal information

- 41. 39. The board shall take all reasonable measures to ensure that:
  - (a(1)) the collection, use, and disclosure of personal information occurs in accordance with the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*; and
  - (b(2)) where personal information is sent to any person or service organisation for processing, storage or destruction, a contract is made with that person or organisation which includes an undertaking by the person or organisation that confidentiality will be maintained.

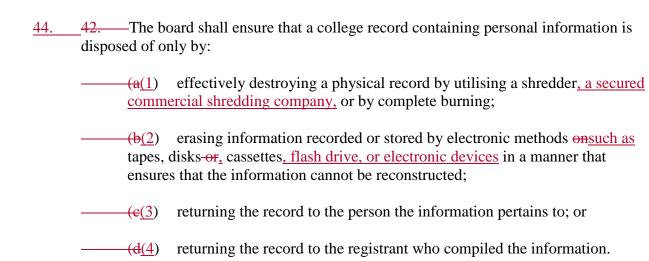
## Disclosure of annual report

42. 40. The college shall deliver a copy of the annual report to every registrant and to a person on request.

# Disclosure of registration status

- 43. 41. (1) Where an inquiry about the registration status of a person is received by the board or the registrar, the registrar shall disclose:
  - (a) whether or not that person is a registrant or a former registrant;
  - (b) whether or not the discipline committee has ever issued an order relating to that person under section 3839 of the Act and the details of that order;
  - (c) whether or not that person has ever signed a consent agreement under section 3536 of the Act; and
  - (d) the details of a consent agreement pertaining to a change in that person's registration status or a restriction on the practice of the profession.
  - (2) Except with the consent of the person affected, the registrar shall not release the names of complainants, clients, or their families or information which might otherwise enable a person inquiring about the status of a registrant to establish the identity of complainants, clients or their families.

# Manner of disposal of college records containing personal information



# **PART V: REGISTRATION**

### Repealed

43. Repealed.

# Classes of registrants

- 45. 44. The following classes of registrants are established:
  - (a) general;
  - (b) conditional;
  - (c) conditional (remedial);
  - (d) conditional (return to practice);
  - (e) temporary;
  - (f) temporary (limited scope);
  - (g) temporary (emergency);
  - (h) non-practising;
  - (i) student.

# **Basic registration**Registration requirements

- 46. 45. (1) An applicant for registration, or reinstatement of registration, must deliver the following to the registrar:
  - (a) a completed and signed application for registration, or reinstatement of registration, and a statutory declaration, in Form 1the form established by the registrar under section 24 (4) for the purposes of this section;
  - (b) any applicable administrative, application, jurisprudence examination, registration examination, registration, reinstatement or other fees specified in Schedule 31;
  - (c) any other fee, fine, debt or levy owed to the college;
  - (d) a certified passport size photograph of the applicant taken within one (1) year prior to the date of application;
  - (d) a copy of photo identification;

- (e) a notarized copy, or other evidence satisfactory to the registration committee, of the applicant's
  - (i) Canadian citizenship, or
  - (ii) authorization to reside and work in Canada, or in the case of an applicant for student registration, to reside and study in Canada;
- (f) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee of the applicant's English language proficiency;
- (g) a signed criminal record check authorization or criminal record check verification authorization, as applicable, in the form required by the *Criminal Records Review Act*;
- (h) in the case of an applicant who is practising or has practised midwifery or another health profession in another jurisdiction within five (5) years prior to the date of application under this section, an authorization for a criminal record check in that other jurisdiction; and
- (i) any further information the Board may require.
- (2) An applicant for registration, or reinstatement of registration, must
  - (a) disclose on her or his application form all information that relates to the applicant and her or his practice of midwifery, including but not limited to the following, regardless of where the events took place:
    - (i) a finding of professional misconduct, incompetence or incapacity by a regulatory authority;
    - (ii) an investigation in process with a regulatory authority;
    - (iii) a reprimand or imposition of conditions or educational requirements by a regulatory authority as a result of a complaint;
    - (iv) an agreement to an undertaking made by consent with a regulatory authority;
    - (v) a dismissal for cause by an employer;
    - (vi) a denial of registration by a regulatory authority;
    - (vii) a voluntary resignation of registration on the request or advice of a regulatory authority;

- (viii) any verdict and recommendations of a coroner's investigation, coroner's inquiry or coroner's inquest;
- (ix) a coroner's investigation, inquiry or inquest that is in process;
- (x) a denial, suspension, restriction or modification of hospital admitting privileges or a permit to practice;
- (xi) a voluntary resignation of hospital privileges on the request or advice of a hospital or health authority administration;
- (xii) a professional liability insurance claim;
- (xiii) a <u>notice of claim</u>, settlement or judgement in any civil law suit or particulars of any civil action that is pending where the applicant is a party;
- (xiv) a conviction in relation to any federal or provincial offence;
- (xv) a physical or mental ailment, an emotional disturbance or an addiction to alcohol or drugs that impairs ability to practice midwifery and causes the continued practice of midwifery,
- (b) satisfy the registration committee that any deficiency in her or his practice or ethics revealed by the matters disclosed under paragraph (a) has been remedied and there is no undue risk to public health and safety, and
- (c) satisfy the registration committee of her or his good character consistent with the responsibilities of a registrant and the standards of practice expected of a registrant, and
- (d) satisfy the registration committee of her or his's compliance with the standards of professional ethics and standards of practice of the college.
- (3) Subsections (1) and (2) do not apply in respect of
  - (a) an application for registration, or renewal of registration, under section 49.2,53, or
  - (b) an application for registration under section 50, or 54.
- (c) an application for return to general or temporary registration under section 56.
- (4) Subsection (2) applies in respect of an application for renewal of registration under section 53.

#### Repealed

45.1. Repealed sections 57, 60, and 61.

# General registration

- 47. 46. (1) For the purposes of section 20 (2) of the Act, the conditions and requirements for general registration are
  - (a) graduation from a recognized midwifery education program as listed in Schedule 3,
  - (b) attendance as a midwife, in a jurisdiction where midwifery is recognized by law, at a minimum of sixty (60) births within the five (5) years prior to the date of application under this section, of which
    - (i) at least thirty (30) births were conducted in accordance with the principles of continuity of care, and
    - (ii) at least forty (40) births were attended as the principal midwife, and of those
      - (A) at least five (5) births were in a hospital setting, and
      - (B) at least five (5) births were in an out-of-hospital setting,
  - (c) successful completion of the registration examination required by the registration committee, no more than three (3) years prior to the date of application under this section,
  - (d) successful completion of the jurisprudence examination required by the registration committee, no more than three (3) years prior to the date of application under this section,
  - ———(e) current certification <u>in/completion of</u> neonatal resuscitation, cardiopulmonary resuscitation and emergency skills from programs that are acceptable to the registration committee, <u>and</u>
  - (f) demonstrated education and certification, as approved by the board and/or through a recognized midwifery education program as listed in Schedule 3, in the prescription of drugs specified in Schedule 1 or 1A of the Drug Schedules Regulation, and

- (i) a notarized, certified or other copy acceptable to the registration committee of all certificates, diplomas or degrees, and evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the applicant is the person named therein,
- (ii) a letter or certificate, in a form satisfactory to the registration committee, from each body responsible for the regulation of midwifery or another health profession in a jurisdiction where the applicant is, or has been, authorized to practice midwifery or another health profession, specifying particulars of any cancellation, suspension, limitation or conditions on the applicant's entitlement to practice, or any investigation, review or proceeding which could lead to cancellation, suspension, limitation or conditions on the applicant's entitlement to practice,
- (iii) proof of professional liability protection or insurance coverage as required under section <u>5862</u>,
- (iv) the items required under section  $45\underline{46}$  (1), and
- (v) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the applicant meets the conditions and requirements established in section 4546 (2) (b),
   (c) and (ed).
- (2) Despite subsection (1), an applicant may be granted registration under this section if the applicant
  - (a) is authorized, by a regulatory authority that regulates the practice of midwifery in another Canadian jurisdiction, to practice midwifery in the other Canadian jurisdiction as the equivalent of a general registrant,
  - (b) satisfies the registration committee that she or he is in good standing and currently authorized to practice midwifery in the other jurisdiction, with no practice restrictions, limitations or conditions.
  - (c) for the purpose of meeting the requirements of subsection (2) (a), provides the registrar with a signed consent authorizing the regulatory body in any Canadian jurisdiction in which the applicant is currently or was previously registered to provide the registrar with a letter of good standing in respect of the applicant, and
  - (d) meets the conditions and requirements established in subsection (1) (d), (e), (f) and (fg) (ii) to (v).
- (3) Despite subsection (1), the registration committee has discretion, in satisfying itself under section 20 of the Act that the applicant meets the conditions or requirements for registration as a member of the college under this section, to

- (a) consider whether the applicant's knowledge, skills and abilities are substantially equivalent to the standard of academic and technical achievement and the competencies or other qualifications established in subsection (1) (a) and (b), and
- (b) grant registration under this section on that basis if the applicant also meets the conditions and requirements established in subsection (1) (c) to (fg).
- (4) Despite subsection (1), an applicant may be granted registration under this section if the applicant
  - (a) is appointed to the full-time faculty of a recognized midwifery education program,
  - (b) is a graduate of
    - (i) a recognized midwifery education program, or
    - (ii) a midwifery education program in a jurisdiction where midwifery is recognized by law,
  - (c) has attended as a midwife, in a jurisdiction where midwifery is recognized by law, at a minimum of two hundred (200) births,
  - (d) has attended as a midwife, in a jurisdiction where midwifery is recognized by law, at a minimum of twenty five (25) births within the five (5) years prior to the date of application under this section, of which
    - (i) at least fifteen (15) births were conducted in accordance with the principles of continuity of care,
    - (ii) at least twenty (20) births were attended as the principal midwife, and of those, at least five (5) births were in a hospital setting, and
    - (iii) at least five (5) births were in an out-of-hospital setting and were attended as the principal midwife or as the second midwife, and
  - (e) meets the conditions and requirements established in subsection (1) (c) to (fg).

#### Repealed

47. Repealed.

# Conditional registration

- 48. 48. (1) For the purposes of section 20 of the Act, the conditions and requirements for conditional registration are
  - (a) the applicant does not meet the conditions and requirements established in section 4647 (1) (a) and (b), or (2) (a) and (b), or (3) (a) or (4) (c) and (d), as applicable,
  - (b) in the opinion of the registration committee, the applicant
    - (i) is likely to meet the conditions and requirements established in section 4647 (1) (a) and (b), or (2) (a) and (b), or (3) (a) or (4) (c) and (d), as applicable, by completing educational upgrading courses or a period of supervised practice acceptable to the registration committee, and
    - (ii) can practice as a conditional registrant without any undue risk to public health and safety, and
  - (c) the applicant meets the conditions and requirements established in section  $46\underline{47}$  (1) (c) to (fg).
- (2) A registrant must be transferred to the conditional class if limits or conditions are imposed on the registrant's practice of midwifery under sections 20 and 35 of the Act.
- (3) Conditional registration may be granted under subsection (1) for a period of up to one (1) year.
  - (34) For the purposes of section 20 of the Act, the conditions and requirements for renewal of conditional registration are receipt by the registrar, prior to the date that the registration granted under subsection (1) will be cancelled otherwise, of
    - (a) a completed and signed application for renewal of registration in Form 2, the form established by the registrar under section 24 (4) for the purposes of this section, and an attestation that the registrant is in compliance with
      - (i) the Act, the Regulation, and these bylaws, and
      - (ii) any limits or conditions imposed under the Act,
    - (b) the applicable registration renewal fee, if any, specified in Schedule 31, and
    - (c) if applicable, evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the conditional registrant's authorization to reside and work in Canada has been extended for an additional period.

- (45) Conditional registration may be renewed under subsection (3) once for an additional period of up to one (1) year.
- (56) Until proof of successful completion of the specified educational upgrading courses or supervised practice requirements has been received and is accepted by the registration committee, a conditional registrant may provide midwifery services only
  - (a) under the supervision of a general registrant, temporary registrant or other health care practitioner acceptable to the registration committee, and/or
  - (b) in accordance with a supervision plan approved by the registration committee.
- (67) Despite section 4647 or 4951, general or temporary registration may be granted to a conditional registrant if she or he successfully completes, to the satisfaction of the registration committee, the educational upgrading courses or supervised practice requirements specified by the registration committee.
- (78) Despite sections 3 to 5, a conditional registrant must not
  - (a) be nominated for election, or elected, to the board, or
  - (b) be appointed to fill a vacancy of an elected board member position.

# Conditional (remedial) registration

- 49. 48.1 (1) A registrant must be transferred to the conditional (remedial) class if
  - (a) the registrant's registration as a member of the college is suspended under the Act, or
  - (b) limits or conditions are imposed on the registrant's practice of midwifery under section 20, sections 32.2, 32.3, 33, 36, 37.1, 38, 39 or 39.1 of the Act.
  - (2) Subject to any applicable order or agreement under the Act,
    - (a) for the purposes of section 20 of the Act, the conditions and requirements for renewal of conditional (remedial) registration are, for each conditional (remedial) registrant, the conditions and requirements for renewal of registration in the class from which she or he was transferred, and
    - (b) a conditional (remedial) registrant must be transferred back to the class from which she or he was transferred, if subsection (1) (a) or (b) no longer describes the registrant.
  - (3) Despite sections 3 to 6 and 35,37 (8), a conditional (remedial) registrant must not
    - (a) be nominated for election, or elected, to the board,
    - (b) be appointed to fill a vacancy of an elected board member position,
    - (c) vote in an election of board members, or
    - (d) vote at a general meeting of registrants,

and on becoming a conditional (remedial) registrant, she or he ceases to hold office as a member of the board, <u>committee or panel</u> if she or he is a member of the board, <u>committee or panel</u> immediately before- becoming a conditional (remedial) registrant.

# Conditional (return to practice) registration

- 50. 48.2 (1) For the purposes of section 20 of the Act, the conditions and requirements for conditional (return to practice) registration are
  - (a) the applicant is
    - (i) a general registrant who meets the conditions and requirements established in section 5357 (1) (a) and (c) to (e),

- (ii) a non-practicing registrant who meets the conditions and requirements established in section  $\frac{5660}{60}$  (a) and (c) to (ec), or
- (iii) a former registrant who meets the conditions and requirements established in section 56.161 (a), (c) and (d), and
- (b) in the opinion of the registration committee, the applicant
  - (i) is likely to attain the knowledge, skills and abilities required to continue or re-enter practice as a general registrant by completing educational upgrading courses <a href="mailto:ambed-enterthism-supervised-">amd/or supervised-</a> practice requirements <a href="mailto:acceptable-tospecified-by">acceptable tospecified by</a> the registration committee, and
  - (ii) can practice as a conditional (return to practice) registrant without any undue risk to public health and safety.
- (2) Conditional (return to practice) registration may be granted under subsection (1) for a period of up to one (1) year.
- (3) For the purposes of section 20 of the Act, the conditions and requirements for renewal of conditional (return to practice) registration are receipt by the registrar, prior to the date that the registration granted under subsection (1) will be cancelled otherwise, of
  - (a) a completed and signed application for renewal of registration in Form 2,the form established by the registrar under section 24 (4) for the purposes of this section, and an attestation that the registrant is in compliance with
    - (i) the Act, the Regulation, and these bylaws, and
    - (ii) any limits or conditions imposed under the Act,
  - (b) the applicable registration renewal fee, if any, specified in Schedule 31, and
  - (c) if applicable, evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the conditional (return to practice) registrant's authorization to reside and work in Canada has been extended for an additional period.
- (4) Conditional (return to practice) registration may be renewed under subsection (3) once for an additional period of up to one (1) year.
- (5) Until proof of successful completion of the specified educational upgrading courses or <a href="supervisedspecific">supervisedspecific</a> practice requirements has been received and is accepted by the registration committee, a conditional (return to practice) registrant may provide midwifery services only

- (a) under the supervision of a general registrant, temporary registrant or other health care practitioner acceptable to the registration committee, and/or
- (b) in accordance with a supervision plan approved by the registration committee.
- (6) Despite section 4647 or 4951, general or temporary registration may be granted to a conditional (return to practice) registrant if she or he successfully completes, to the satisfaction of the registration committee, the educational upgrading courses or supervised specific practice requirements specified by the registration committee.

# Temporary registration

- 51. 49. (1) For the purposes of section 20 of the Act, the conditions and requirements for temporary registration are that the applicant
  - (a) meets the conditions and requirements established in section  $\frac{4647}{1}$  (1) (a), (b) and (d) to  $\frac{1}{100}$ , or
  - (b) meets the conditions and requirements established in section 4647 (2), or
  - (c) is a non-practising registrant who meets the conditions and requirements established in section 5660, or
  - (d) is a former registrant who meets the conditions and requirements established in section 56.161, or
  - (e) is a general registrant.
  - (2) Temporary registration may be granted under subsection (1)
    - (a) for a period of up to sixty (60) days, if the application is under subsection (1) (a), and
    - (b) for a period of up to ninety (90) days, in any other case.
  - (3) For the purposes of section 20 of the Act, the conditions and requirements for renewal of temporary registration are receipt by the registrar, prior to the date that the registration granted under subsection (1) will be cancelled otherwise, of
    - (a) a completed and signed application for renewal of registration in Form 2, in the form established by the registrar under section 24 (4) for the purposes of this section, and an attestation that the registrant is in compliance with
      - (i) the Act, the Regulation, and these bylaws, and

- (ii) any limits or conditions imposed under the Act,
- (b) the applicable registration renewal fee, if any, specified in Schedule 31, and
- (c) if applicable, evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the temporary registrant's authorization to reside and work in Canada has been extended for an additional period.
- (4) Temporary registration may be renewed under subsection (3)
  - (a) for one or more additional periods of up to sixty (60) days, if the registration was granted under subsection (1) (a), and
  - (b) for one or more additional periods of up to ninety (90) days, in any other case.
- (5) Despite sections 3 to 6, a temporary registrant must not
  - (a) be nominated for election, or elected, to the board, or
  - (b) be appointed to fill a vacancy of an elected board member position,

but may continue to serve as a member of the board until the next scheduled board election or as a member of a committee or panel until the term(s) end, if she or he was a member of the board, committee or panel immediately before becoming a temporary registrant.

# <u>Temporary</u> (limited scope) registration

- 52. 49.1 (1) For the purposes of section 20 of the Act, the conditions and requirements for temporary (limited scope) registration are that the applicant
  - (a) is a non-practicing registrant who meets the conditions and requirements established in section 5660 (a), (b) and (e) to (c), or
  - (b) (b) is a former registrant who meets the conditions and requirements established in section 56.161 (a), (b) (c) and (d), or
  - (c) is a general registrant.
  - (2) Temporary (limited scope) registration may be granted under subsection (1) for a period of up to one hundred and eighty (180) days.
  - (3) Temporary (limited scope) registration may be renewed under subsection (5) for one or more additional periods of up to one hundred and eighty (180) days.

- (34) Despite subsection (3), the cumulative total period of time that any person is registered under this section must not exceed three (3) years.
  - (5) For the purposes of section 20 of the Act, the conditions and requirements for renewal of temporary (limited scope) registration are receipt by the registrar, prior to the date that the registration granted under subsection (1) will be cancelled otherwise, of
    - (a) a completed and signed application for renewal of registration in Form 2, in the form established by the registrar under section 24 (4) for the purposes of this section, and an attestation that the registrant is in compliance with
      - (i) the Act, the Regulation, and these bylaws, and
      - (ii) any limits or conditions imposed under the Act,
    - (b) the applicable registration renewal fee, if any, specified in Schedule 3Schedule 1, and
    - (c) if applicable, evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the temporary (limited scope) registrant's authorization to reside and work in Canada has been extended for an additional period.
- (4) Temporary (limited scope) registration may be renewed under subsection (3) for one or more additional periods of up to one hundred and eighty (180) days.
- \_\_\_\_(5) Despite subsection (4), the cumulative total period of time that any person is registered under this section must not exceed three (3) years.
  - (6) A temporary (limited scope) registrant may provide only the following midwifery services:
    - (a) antepartum or postpartum care;
    - (b) intrapartum care as a second midwife.
  - (7) Despite subsection (6), a temporary (limited scope) registrant must not attend a birth as a second midwife unless the registrant holds current certificates in neonatal resuscitation and cardiopulmonary resuscitation from programs that are acceptable to the registration committee.
  - (8) Despite sections 3 to 6, a temporary (limited scope) registrant must not
    - (a) be nominated for election, or elected, to the board, or
    - (b) be appointed to fill a vacancy of an elected board member position,

but may continue to serve as a member of the board until the next scheduled board election or as a member of a committee or panel until the term(s) end, if she or he was a member of the board, committee or panel immediately before becoming a temporary (limited scope) registrant.

# Temporary (emergency) registration

- 53. 49.2 (1) For the purposes of section 20 of the Act, the conditions and requirements for temporary (emergency) registration are
  - (a) the applicant
    - (i) meets the conditions and requirements established in section  $46\underline{47}$  (2) (a) and (b),
    - (ii) is a non-practising registrant who meets the conditions and requirements established in section 56 60 (a) to (c), or
    - (iii) is a former registrant who meets the conditions and requirements established in section 56.1 61 (a) and (bsection 47 (1) (e) to (g),
  - (b) an emergency situation has been declared by the registrar, according to criteria set by the board, and
  - (c) receipt by the registrar of
    - (i) a completed and signed application for temporary (emergency) registration and a declaration, in Form 3the form established by the registrar under section 24 (4) for the purposes of this section, confirming that the applicant is applying for temporary (emergency) registration solely for the purpose of providing assistance during the emergency situation, and
    - (ii) the applicable registration fee, if any, specified in Schedule 1, and
      - (iii) a notarized copy, or other evidence satisfactory to the registration committee, of the applicant's Canadian citizenship or authorization to reside and work in Canada.
  - (2) Temporary (emergency) registration may be granted under subsection (1) for a period of up to ninety (90) days.
  - (3) For the purposes of section 20 of the Act, the conditions and requirements for renewal of temporary (emergency) registration are

- (a) the registrar's declaration of an emergency situation continues to be in effect, and
- (b) receipt by the registrar, prior to the date that the registration granted under subsection (1) will be cancelled otherwise, of
  - (i) a completed and signed application for renewal of temporary (emergency) registration renewal in Form inthe form established by the registrar under section 24 (4) for the purposes of this section, and an attestation that the registrant is in compliance with
    - (A) the Act, the Regulation, and these bylaws, and
    - (B) any limits or conditions imposed under the Act, and
- (ii) (ii) (ii) (ii) (ii) the applicable registration renewal fee, if any, specified in Schedule1, and
  - (iii) if applicable, evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the temporary (emergency) registrant's authorization to work in Canada has been extended for an additional period.
  - (4) Temporary (emergency) registration may be renewed under subsection (3) for one or more additional periods of up to ninety (90) days.
  - (5) A temporary (emergency) registrant must not attend a birth as the principal midwife, or as a second midwife, unless the registrant holds current certificates in neonatal resuscitation, cardiopulmonary resuscitation and emergency skills from programs that are acceptable to the registration committee.
  - (6) Despite sections 3 to 6, a temporary (emergency) registrant must not
    - (a) be nominated for election, or elected, to the board, or
    - (b) be appointed to fill a vacancy of an elected board member position.

but may continue to serve as a member of the board until the next scheduled board election or as a member of a committee or panel until the term(s) end, if she or he was a member of the board, committee or panel immediately before becoming a temporary (emergency) registrant.

# Non-practising registration

- 54. 50. (1) For the purposes of section 20 of the Act, the conditions and requirements for non-practising registration are
  - (a) the applicant is a general registrant, or temporary registrant, and
  - (b) receipt by the registrar of
    - (i) a completed and signed application for non-practising registration and a statutory declaration, in Form 5 inthe form established by the registrar under section 24 (4) for the purposes of this section, and
    - (ii) the applicable registration and other fees, if any, specified in Schedule 31.
  - (2) A non-practising registrant must not provide midwifery services in British Columbia.
  - (3) Despite sections 3 to  $\frac{56}{6}$ , a non-practising registrant must not
    - (a) be nominated for election, or elected, to the board, or
    - (b) be appointed to fill a vacancy of an elected board member position,

but, for greater certainty, may continue to serve as a member of the board until the end of hernext scheduled board election or his termas a member of officea committee or appointment panel until the term(s) end, if she or he is was a member of the board, committee or panel immediately before becoming a non-practising registrant.

#### Repealed

#### 51. Repealed.

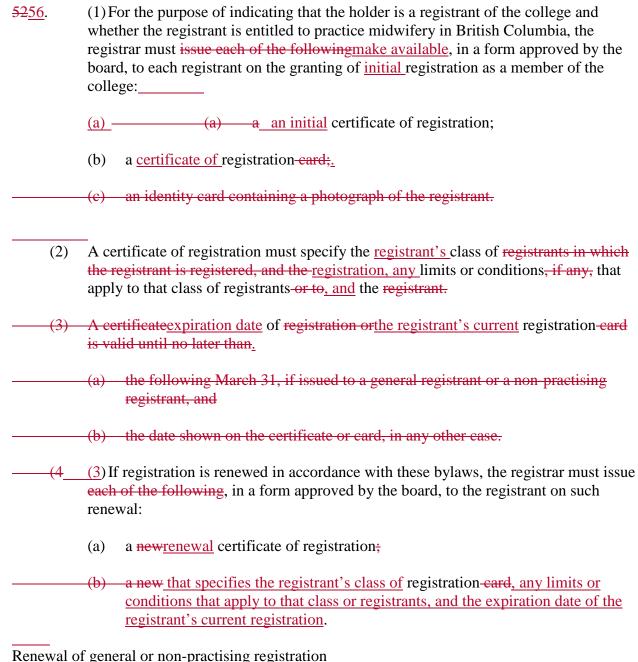
#### Student registration

- 55. 51.1 (1) For the purposes of section 20 of the Act, the conditions and requirements for student registration are
  - (a) the applicant is currently enrolled as a student in a recognized midwifery education program, and
  - (b) receipt by the registrar of

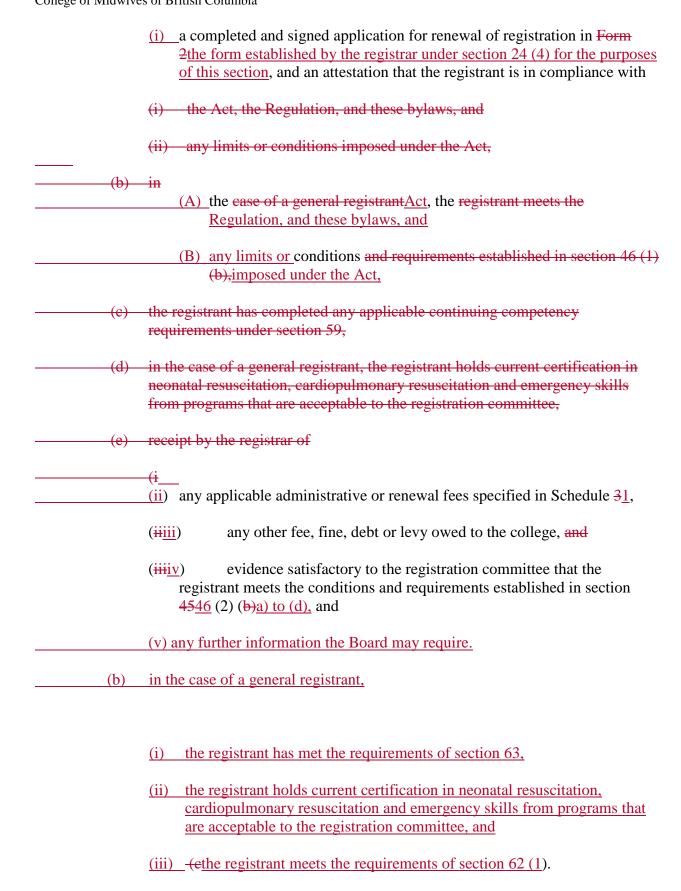
- (i) evidence of the applicant's enrollment in a recognized midwifery education program, and evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the applicant is the person named therein,
- (ii) the items required under section  $45\underline{46}$  (1), and
- (iii) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the applicant meets the conditions and requirements established in section 45 47 (2) (b) and (ea) to (d).
- (2) Student registration may be granted under subsection (1) for a period of up to one (1) year.
- (3) For the purposes of section 20 of the Act, the conditions and requirements for renewal of student registration are receipt by the registrar, prior to the date that the registration granted under subsection (1) will be cancelled otherwise, of
  - (a) a completed and signed application for renewal of registration in Form 2, in the form established by the registrar under section 24 (4) for the purposes of this section, and an attestation that the registrant is in compliance with
    - (i) the Act, the Regulation, and these bylaws, and
    - (ii) any limits or conditions imposed under the Act,
  - (b) the applicable registration renewal fee, if any, specified in Schedule 31,
  - (c) if applicable, evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the conditional student registrant's authorization to reside and study in Canada has been extended for an additional period, and
  - (d) evidence of the applicant's continued enrollment in a recognized midwifery education program.
- (4) Student registration may be renewed under subsection (3) for one or more additional periods of up to one year.
- (5) A student registrant's registration is cancelled if she or he ceases to be enrolled in a recognized midwifery education program.
- (6) A student registrant may only provide midwifery services in connection with fulfilling the conditions and requirements of the recognized midwifery education program in which she or he is enrolled.
- (7) Despite sections 3 to 5 and 35,37 (8), a student registrant must not

- (a) be nominated for election, or elected, to the board,
- (b) be appointed to fill a vacancy of an elected board member position,
- (c) vote in an election of board members, or
- (d) vote at a general meeting of registrants.

# Certificates of registration and registration cards



- For the purposes of section 20 (2) of the Act, the conditions and requirements for 57. <del>53.</del>(1) renewal of general or non-practising registration are, despite section 4647 or 5054,
  - (a) receipt by the registrar of



#### Failure to renew

- 54<u>58</u>.(1) On or before April 1 in each year, each general registrant or non-practising registrant must meet the applicable conditions and requirements established in section <u>5357</u>.
  - (i) If a general registrant or non-practising registrant fails to meet, on or before April 1 in a year, the applicable conditions and requirements established in section <u>5357</u>, the registrant's registration is cancelled

# **Registration examinations**

- Except for the Canadian Midwifery Registration Examination prepared by and under the direction of the Canadian Midwifery Regulators ConsortiumCouncil, any registration examination required to be taken under these bylaws must be prepared by or under the direction of the registration committee.
  - (i) The registration committee must
  - (i) review the results of the registration examination for each applicant in making a determination as to that applicant's qualification for registration, and
  - (i) notify the applicant, in writing, of the results of the registration examination as soon as is practicable.
  - (i) An applicant who fails the initial attempt at a registration examination is entitled to two (2) further opportunities to attempt the registration examination.
  - (i) If an invigilator has reason to believe that an applicant has engaged in improper conduct during the course of a registration examination, the invigilator must make a report to the registration committee and may recommend that the registration committee take one or more of the following courses of action:
  - (i) fail the applicant;
  - (i) pass the applicant;
  - (i) require the applicant to re-attempt the registration examination, in which case the re-attempt will count as an attempt for the purpose of subsection (3);
  - (i) disqualify the applicant from participating in any registration examination for a period of time.

- (i) After considering a report made under subsection (4), the registration committee may take one or more of the actions specified in subsection (4) (a) to (d).
- (i) An applicant disqualified under subsection (4) (d) must be provided with written reasons for the disqualification.

# Non-practising registrant returning to practice

- 5660. For the purposes of section 20 (2) of the Act, the conditions and requirements for a non-practising registrant to return to general or temporary registration are, despite section 4647 or 4951,
  - (i) the registrant's registration is not suspended under the Act,
  - (i) the registrant meets the conditions and requirements established in section 46 sections 47 (1) (b), e) and (f), and 63,
- (c) the registrant has completed any applicable continuing competency requirements under section 59,
  - (d) the registrant holds current certification in neonatal resuscitation, cardiopulmonary resuscitation and emergency skills from programs that are acceptable to the registration committee, and
  - (i) receipt by the registrar of
  - (i) a completed and signed application for return to general or temporary registration in Form 6the form established by the registrar under section 24 (4) for the purposes of this section,
    - (ii) any applicable administrative or registration fees specified in Schedule 3, and 1,
    - (iii) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the registrant meets the conditions and requirements established in section 4546 (2) (b)a) to (d), and (e).
    - (iv) the item required under section 47 (1) (g) (iii),

# Reinstatement of former general or temporary registrant

<u>61.</u> <u>56.1.</u> For the purposes of section 20 (2) of the Act, the conditions and requirements for reinstatement of the most recent previous registration of a former registrant are, despite section <u>46 (1)47</u> or <u>(3) or 4951</u>,

- (i) the former registrant's most recent previous registration was as a general registrant or temporary registrant, the registration was not cancelled under Part 3 of the Act and the former registrant was in good standing at the time of cancellation,
- (i) the former registrant meets the conditions and requirements established in section  $\frac{4647}{1}$  (1) (b).
- the former registrant holds current certificates in neonatal resuscitation, cardiopulmonary resuscitation and emergency skills from programs that are acceptable meets the conditions of section 47 (1) (d) to the registration committee. (f),
- (i) receipt by the registrar of
- (i) the items required under section 45 sections 46 (1), and 47 (1) (g) (iii), and
  - (ii) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the registrant meets the conditions and requirements established in section 4546 (2) (b) and (ca) to (d).

# Repealed

#### 57. Repealed

#### Liability insurance

- 62. 58. (1) Each registrant, except a non-practising registrant or student registrant, must obtain and at all times maintain professional liability protection or insurance coverage with a limit of liability not less than seven million dollars (\$7M) per occurrence protecting or insuring against liability arising from an error, omission or negligent act of the registrant.
  - (i) A registrant who ceases to be protected or insured as required under subsection (1) must
  - (i) cease the practice of midwifery immediately, and
  - (i) no more than seven (7) days after ceasing to be protected or insured, notify the registrar and
  - (i) apply for non-practising registration, or
    - (ii) voluntarily relinquish her or his registration as a member of the college.

(i) A registrant's registration is cancelled if she or he fails to comply with subsection (2) (b).

# **Continuing competency**

5963. Each registrant must complete all applicable annual, bi-annual or other continuing competency provide proof of compliance of the conditions and requirements established to ensure competency and currency of skills as recommended by the quality assurance committee and approved by the board.

# PART VI: INVESTIGATION, INQUIRY AND DISCIPLINE COMMITTEE

# **Definitions**

- 64. In "Professional misconduct" means, for the purposes of this part, "professional misconduct" includes the following conduct:
  - (a) the registrant has been found guilty of an offence that, in the opinion of the discipline committee, is relevant to the registrant's competency to practice midwifery;
  - (b) the registrant has been found by another regulatory body to have committed an act that would, in the opinion of the discipline committee, be an act of professional misconduct as defined in clauses (c) to (s);
  - (c) the registrant has committed an offence Part 3, Section 26 of professional misconduct of a sexual nature;
  - (d) the registrant has contravened a term, condition, or limitation imposed on a registrant's certificate of registration;
  - (e) the registrant has contravened a standard of practice or a provision of the code of ethics;
- (f) the registrant has contravened the Act, the *Regulation*, the bylaws or a consent agreement;
  - (g) the registrant has abused a client, physically, verbally or psychologically, or taken unfair advantage of the confidence and trust within the relationship;
  - (h) the registrant has failed to obtain consent, where consent is required by law;
  - (i) the registrant has practiced the profession while her ability to do so is impaired by a substance or by a physical or medical condition ;

(j) the registrant has prescribed, dispensed or sold drugs for any improper purpose;

- (k) the registrant has discontinued midwifery services that are needed unless:
  - (i) the client requests the discontinuation,
  - (ii) alternative services are arranged, or

- (iii) the client is given a reasonable opportunity to arrange alternative services:
- (l) the registrant has given information about a client to a person other than the client or her authorised representatives, except with the consent of the client or her authorised representatives, or as required by law;
- (m) the registrant has falsified a record relating to the registrant's practice;
- (n) the registrant has failed, without reasonable cause, to provide services to a client during labour and birth in the client's chosen birth place;
- (o) the registrant has failed, without reasonable cause, to provide continuity of care to a client;
- (p) the registrant has practised the profession while she or he is in a conflict of interest;
- (q) the registrant has failed to provide a client access to her or his health care records as required by the bylaws;
- (r) the registrant has signed or issued, in her or his professional capacity, a document the registrant knows contains false or misleading statements; or
- (s) the registrant has engaged in conduct or has performed an act, in the course of practising the profession, that, having regard to all the circumstances would reasonably be regarded by registrants as disgraceful, dishonourable or unprofessional.

# <u>Incapacity to practice and the fitness to practice panel</u>

- Where the inquiry committee has reason to believe that a registrant may be incapacitated, the chair of the committee shallmay appoint a fitness to practice panel as established in section 17 (4) to investigate the complaint forthwith.
  - (2) The fitness to practice panel shall:
    - (a) request the co-operation and consent of the registrant with respect to the investigation including, if appropriate, requesting the registrant's consent to be assessed by an appropriate health care professional and to have the health care professional report the findings of that assessment directly to the committee;

- (b) if the co-operation and consent of the registrant is not forthcoming, the fitness to practice panel shall consider whether it is appropriate to make a recommendation to the inquiry committee to take the necessary action to protect the public under section 3435 of the Act; and
- (c) at any time if, as a result of their investigation, the fitness to practice panel has reason to believe that the public is at risk it may request the inquiry committee take action under section 3435 of the Act.
- (3) In cases where there are reasonable grounds to believe that the registrant is incapacitated, the fitness to practice panel will recommend to the inquiry committee to negotiate a consent agreement with the registrant.
- (4) A consent agreement can only be entered into if the inquiry committee is satisfied that the public is protected and the committee has the full co-operation of the registrant.

# Disposition of Complaints by Registrar

66. Investigations The registrar is authorized to act under section 32 (3) of the Act.

# <u>Inspections</u>

- 67. An inspector must not observe a registrant while a registrant is providing a service to a client expect where
  - (a) The consent of the client being cared for has been obtained in advance, or
  - (b) The service is being provided in a public setting.

# Notification of investigations by inquiry committee

68. 62. The inquiry committee shall notify a registrant who is the subject of an investigation and any complainant of the disposition of the investigation and any action taken under section 32(433 (6) of the Act.

### **Consent agreements**

63. A consent agreement shall:

# Consents and undertaking

- 69. The record of an undertaking or consent given under section 36 of the Act, a consent order under section 37.1 of the Act, or an agreement under section 32.2 (4) (b) or 32.3 (3) (b) of the Act must
  - (a) include any consent to a reprimand or any other action made by the registrant under section 3532.2 (4) (b), 32.3 (3) (b), 36, or 37.1 of the Act;
  - (b) include any undertaking made by the registrant under section 3536 of the Act;
  - (c) specify the length of time that an undertaking specified in clause (b) is binding on the registrant;
  - (d) specify the procedure that the registrant may follow to be released from an undertaking specified in <del>clausesubsection</del> (b); and
  - (e) specify which terms of the consent agreement may be disclosed to the public.

### **Mediation**

# 64. Alternate Dispute Resolution

- 70. (1) The inquiry committee may recommend under section 32(4)(33 (6) (b) of the Act that a complaint be mediatedreferred to alternate dispute resolution where:
  - (a) the inquiry committee determines that the issuance of a citation under section  $\frac{3637}{6}$  of the Act is not warranted; and
  - (b) the complainant and the registrant agree to mediationalternate dispute resolution.
  - (2) Following a recommendation under subsection (1), the inquiry committee shallmay appoint a mediator who is acceptable to the complainant and the registrant.
  - (3) The mediator shall conduct the <u>mediational ternate dispute resolution</u> process in accordance with any policies and procedures established by the board and the terms of a written <u>mediational ternate dispute resolution</u> contract executed by the inquiry committee, the complainant and the registrant.
  - (4) Where an agreement between the complainant and the registrant is reached through mediationalternate dispute resolution, the terms of the agreement may be approved by the inquiry committee.
  - (5) Where the term of an agreement between the complainant and the registrant reached through mediationalternate dispute resolution requires the registrant to undertake or consent to an action referred to in section 3536 of the Act, the inquiry committee may request the registrant to make such an undertaking or consent where the inquiry committee considers the undertaking or consent to be appropriate in the circumstances.
  - (6) Where an agreement is approved by the inquiry committee under subsection (5), the inquiry committee shall:
    - (a) report the resolution of the matter to the board; and
    - (b) retain a copy of the agreement on file.
  - (7) Where an agreement is not reached through mediation, alternate dispute resolution or the mediator shall refer the terms of an agreement reached are not approved by the inquiry committee, that matter must be referred back to the inquiry committee and, which may recommend that the inquiry committee then take one or more actions any other action under section 3533 (6) of the Act.

# Citation for disciplinary hearing

- 71. 65. (1) On the direction of a panel of the discipline committee, the registrar may:
  - (a) join one or more complaints or other matters which are to be the subject of a discipline hearing in one citation as appropriate in the circumstances;
  - (b) sever one or more complaints or other matters which are to be the subject of a discipline hearing as appropriate in the circumstances; and
  - (c) amend a citation issued under section 3637 of the Act.
  - (2) Where a citation is amended under subsection (1)(c) prior to a discipline hearing, the amended citation shall be delivered to the respondent by personal service or sent by regularregistered mail to the respondent at the last known address for the person recorded in section 2021 (2) of the Act not fewer than fourteen (14) days before the date of the hearing.
  - (3) Where a citation is amended under subsection (1)(c) prior to a discipline hearing, and the amended citation changes the date, time or place of the hearing, the registrar shall notify any complainant of the amendment not fewer than fourteen (14) days before the date of the hearing.

### Notice of disciplinary committee action under section 39.1 of Act

65.1 The discipline committee must notify a registrant not fewer than 14 days before making an order under section 39.1 of the *Act*.

# Hearings of discipline committee

- 72. 66. (1) No(1) In accordance with sections 17 (5) and 18 (4), no person may sit on the discipline committee while she or he is a member of the inquiry committee.
  - (2) No member of the discipline committee may sit on the panel hearing a matter in which she or he:
    - (a) was involved as a member of the inquiry committee; or
    - (b) has had any prior involvement.
  - (3) Information about the date, time and subject matter of the hearing shall be provided to any person on request.
  - (4) The chair of the discipline committee shall provide notice by registered mail or by personal service to a person who is required to attend a hearing under section 3738 (6) of the Act.

# **Disclosure**

- 67. (1) At least two (2) weeks before the scheduled hearing, the registrar shall provide to the respondent:
  - (a) a copy of every document which the college intends to tender in evidence;
  - (b) a copy of any statement made by a person whom the college intends to call as a witness; and
  - (c) a summary of any other relevant evidence in the college's possession whether or not the college intends to rely on it at the hearing.
  - (2) A respondent required to appear before the discipline committee, or panel of the discipline committee may, at any time after a citation has been issued, request in writing that the college disclose all the documents on which it intends to rely at the hearing.

# Factors the discipline committee may consider

68. In determining the penalty to be imposed on a registrant after making a determination on the facts, the discipline committee may consider a previous relevant disciplinary decision regarding the registrant or an undertaking or consent to a reprimand given by the registrant under section 35(1) of the *Act*.

## **Publication and notification of a decision**

69. (1) At the conclusion of a disciplinary proceeding, the board must, within a reasonable time and in

# Public Notice of Disciplinary Action

- 73. (1) In addition to the requirements of section 39.3 of the Act, advise every registrant of with respect to any of the actions referred to in section 39.3 (1) (a) to (e) of the Act, the registrar
  - (a) the name of the respondent or respondents,
  - (b) the facts of the case,
  - (c) the reasons for the decision, and
  - (d) the disposition of the case, the nature of any limitations or suspension and the date it is in effect.
  - (2) If disciplinary proceedings result in the imposition of limits or conditions on, or suspension of, a registrant's registration, the registrar must notify

<del>(a) \_\_\_\_</del>

- (a) must notify
  - (i) all registrants, and
  - (ii) the regulatory authorities responsible for bodies governing the regulation practice of the profession of registered midwifery in every other Canadian jurisdiction, and
- (b) a may notify any other regulatory authority for another heathor government body of a health profession in British Columbia, if the registrant is a member of that bodyinside or outside Canada,
- (c) may notify any hospital where the registrant holds privileges or a permit to practice, and.
- (d) on request,2) Notification provided to all registrants under subsection (1) (a) (i)
  - (a) must include all information included in the public notification under section 39.3 of the Act, and
  - (b) unless otherwise directed by the inquiry committee or the discipline committee, as the case may be, must exclude any information withheld from the public notification under section 39.3 (3) or (4) of the Act.
- (3) Unless otherwise directed by the inquiry committee or the discipline committee, as the case may be, notification provided to other regulatory authority for a health profession in or government bodies under subsection (1) (a Canadian or foreign jurisdiction.) (ii) or (b) may include information that is not releasable to the public under section 39.3 (5) or that has otherwise been withheld from the public notification under section 39.3 (3) or (4) of the Act.

#### Retention of records

74. The registrar shall keep records of the results of all investigations of the inquiry committee and all decisions of the discipline committee for a period of not less than seven (7) years.

#### Registrant under suspension

- 75. 71. (1) A registrant while under suspension must
  - (a) not represent herself or himself as a registrant or display a certificate of registration,

- (b) not provide midwifery services or perform a restricted activity described in the Regulation,
- (c) not hold office in the college,
- (d) not make appointments for clients or prospective clients,
- (e) not contact or communicate with clients or prospective clients, except for the purposes of,
  - (i) advising clients or prospective clients of the fact and duration of the suspension,
  - (ii) advising clients or prospective clients that another registrant will continue to operate in the suspended registrant's place, or
  - (iii) referring clients to another registrant in good standing,
- (f) remove from their premises and the building in which the premises are located, their name and any sign relating to their practice,
- (g) prominently display a notice of suspension in the form, if required by an order under section 35, 37.1, 38, 39, or 39.1 of the Act, an agreement under section 32.2 (4) (b) or 32.3 (3) (b) of the Act, or other action taken under section 33 (2) of the Act, a notice of suspension in the form established by the registrar under section 24 (4) for the purposes of this section and in an area approved by the registrar, which states the duration and reasons for the suspension,
- (h) immediately surrender to the registrar the registrant's practice certificate and membership card,
- (i(h) pay any fee or special assessment required by the College when due in order to remain a registrant, and
- not be entitled to a refund of the annual fee for the portion of the suspension or of any special assessment that the registrant has paid.
- (2) During the period of suspension, a suspended registrant may permit another registrant in good standing to practice within the suspended registrant's office, if the suspended registrant complies with subsection (1).
- (3) Any communication under subsection (1)(e) may be made in writing in athe form approved in advanceestablished by the registrar under section 24 (4) for the purposes of this section, or by employing office staff, an answering service or other telephonic device specifically for this purpose.

# **Fines**

72.76. The maximum amount of a fine that may be ordered by the discipline committee is directed under section 3839 of the Act is \$35,000.

# Costs

- 77. (1) The tariff of costs set out in Schedule 2, to partially indemnify the college for investigations under section 33 of the Act, is established under section 19 (1) (v.1) of the Act.
  - (2) The tariff of costs set out in Schedule 2, to partially indemnify parties for their expenses incurred in the preparation for and conduct of hearings under section 38 of the Act, is established under section 19 (1) (w.1) of the Act.
- (3) Any costs awarded by the discipline committee under section 39 (4) or (5) of the Act, or by the inquiry committee under section 33 (7) of the Act or in accordance with a proposal under section 37.1 of the Act, must be assessed by the applicable committee in accordance with Schedule 2 and the applicable tariff of costs set out therein.

Notices to pharmacists and licensed dealers of narcotics and controlled drugs

- 78. (1) If a registered midwife admits that he or she has failed to comply with a relevant standard, the inquiry committee or the discipline committee may direct the registrar to deliver a written request to the Federal Minister for issuance of a notice in respect of the registered midwife.
- (2) If the discipline committee determines under section 39 (1) (b) of the Act that a registered midwife has failed to comply with a relevant standard, the discipline committee may direct the registrar to deliver a written request to the Federal Minister for issuance of a notice in respect of the registered midwife.
- (3) The registrar may disclose to the Federal Minister, in response to a request to consult, information or records relating to a registered midwife's conduct of an activity with a listed substance.
- (4) The inquiry committee may authorize the registrar to provide a consent to retraction of a notice, other than a notice that was requested at the direction of the discipline committee, if
  - (a) the inquiry committee is satisfied that the consent to retraction is not contrary to the public interest, and

- (b) the consent to retraction is not inconsistent with any other limits or conditions imposed on the registered midwife's practice under the Act.
- (5) The discipline committee may authorize the registrar to provide a consent to retraction of a notice that was requested at the direction of the discipline committee, if
  - (a) the discipline committee is satisfied that the consent to retraction is not contrary to the public interest, and
  - (b) the consent to retraction is not inconsistent with any other limits or conditions imposed on the registered midwife's practice under the Act.
- (6) The registrar must not issue a consent to retraction except in accordance with subsection (4) or (5).
- (7) In this section:
- "conduct of an activity", with reference to a listed substance, includes
  - (a) use, possession, compounding, dispensing, administration or prescription of the listed substance, and
  - (b) issuance of an order to compound, dispense or administer the listed substance;

"consent to retraction" means, in respect of a notice, a letter under section 80 (b) (ii) of the Benzodiazepines and Other Targeted Substances Regulations (Canada), section G.04.004.3 (b) (ii) of the Food and Drug Regulations (Canada) or section 60 (b) (ii) of the Narcotic Control Regulations (Canada) signifying the college's consent to retraction of the notice;

"Federal Minister" means the Minister of Health of Canada, and includes an agent authorized to act on his or her behalf;

"listed substance" means a "listed substance" as defined in section 1 of the New Classes of Practitioners Regulations (Canada);

"notice" means a notice under section 79 (1) of the Benzodiazepines and Other Targeted Substances Regulations (Canada), section G.04.004.2 (1) of the Food and Drug Regulations (Canada) or section 59 (1) of the Narcotic Control Regulations (Canada);

"relevant standard" means a standard, limit or condition established under the standards of practice or the standards of professional ethics, or otherwise imposed

under the Act, that is relevant to a midwife's conduct of an activity with a listed substance;

"request to consult" means an inquiry by the Federal Minister under section 79 (5) (a) of the Benzodiazepines and Other Targeted Substances Regulations (Canada), section G.04.004.2 (5) (a) of the Food and Drug Regulations (Canada) or section 59 (5) (a) of the Narcotic Control Regulations (Canada).

#### **PART VII: REGISTRANT RECORDS**

### **Definitions**

- 73. For the purposes of this part, "client's representative" means:
  - (a) a "committee of the patient" as defined under the *Patient's Property Act*;
  - (b) the parent or guardian of a client who is under 19 years of age;
  - (c) after the Representation Agreement Act comes into force, a representative authorised by a representation agreement registered under the Representation Agreement Act to make or help in making decisions on behalf of a client;
- (d) after the Representation Agreement Act comes into force, a monitor named in a representation agreement registered under the Representation Agreement Act Privacy Requirement
  - A registrant must take all reasonable measures to ensure that the representative fulfils the duties described in section 16 of that Act; and
  - (e) after the Adult Guardianship Act comes into force, a decision maker or guardian appointed under section 10 of the Adult Guardianship Act; and

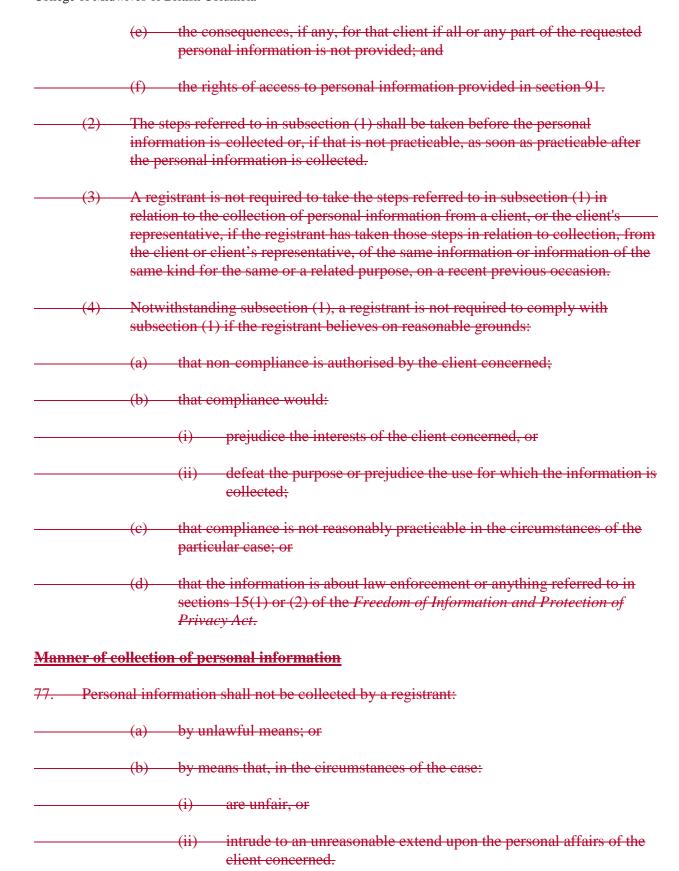
<u>Purpose for which purpose</u>, source, collection, use, protection, disclosure, access and disposal of a client's personal information <u>may be collected</u>

- 74. No registrant may collect personal information regarding a client unless:
  - (a) the information relates directly to and is necessary for providing health care services to the client or for related administrative purposes, or
  - (b) the collection of that information is expressly authorised by or under an enactment.

### **Source of personal information**

- 75. (1) A registrant shall collect personal information about a client directly from the client.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), a registrant may collect personal information from another person if the registrant has reasonable grounds to believe:
- (a) that the client has been made aware of the matters set out in section 76(1) and has authorised collection of the personal information from another person;

	<del>(b)</del>	that the client is unable to give her or his authority and the registrant,
		having made the client's representative aware of the matters set out in
		section 76(1), collects the information from the representative or the
		representative authorises collection from another person;
-	<del>(c)</del>	that compliance with subsection (1) is not reasonably practicable in the
		circumstances of the particular case;
	<u>(e)</u>	that the collection is for the purpose of assembling a family or genetic
		history of a person and is collected directly from that person;
	<del>(f)</del>	that the information is publicly available information;
	00	ecurs in accordance with the <i>Personal</i>
	(g)	that the information:
		(i) will not be used in a form in which the client concerned is
		identified, or
-		(ii) will be used for statistical or research purposes and will not be
		published in a form that could reasonably be expected to identify
		the client; or
	<u>(h)</u>	that non-compliance with subsection (1) is necessary where the
		information is about law enforcement or anything referred to in sections 15(1) or (2) of the <i>Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act</i>
Collection	of persoi	nal information
<del>76. (1)</del>		e a registrant collects personal information directly from the client, or from
		ient's representative, the registrant shall take such steps as are, in the
		nstances, reasonable to ensure that the client or client's representative is
	aware	<del>3 01:</del>
-	<del>(a)</del>	the fact that the personal information is being collected;
	( <b>L</b> )	the grown and for which the general information is being collected.
	<del>(b)</del>	the purpose for which the personal information is being collected;
	<del>(c)</del>	the intended recipients of the personal information;
	<del>(d)</del>	whether or not the supply of the personal information is voluntary or
	` /	mandatory, and, if mandatory, the legal authority for collecting the
		personal information;



### **Confidentiality of personal information**

78. A registrant shall at all times protect and maintain the confidentiality of personal information collected under sections 75, 76 and 77.

### **Accuracy of personal information**

79. The registrant shall make every reasonable effort to ensure that the information is current and is legibly, accurately and completely recorded.

# Right to request correction of personal information

- 80. (1) A person who believes there is an error or omission in a record containing her or his personal information may request that the registrant having the record in her or his custody or control correct the information.
- (2) If after receiving a request for correction under subsection (1), the registrant disagrees that there is an error or omission in the record, the registrant shall note the request in the record with particulars of the correction that was sought.

### Use of personal information by a registrant

81. (1) A registrant may use personal information only:

(a) for the purpose of providing health care services to the client or related administrative purpose;

(b) for a use or disclosure consistent with a purpose specified in clause (a);

(c) if the client has consented to the use; or

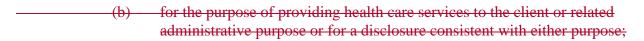
(d) for a purpose for which that information may be disclosed by the registrant

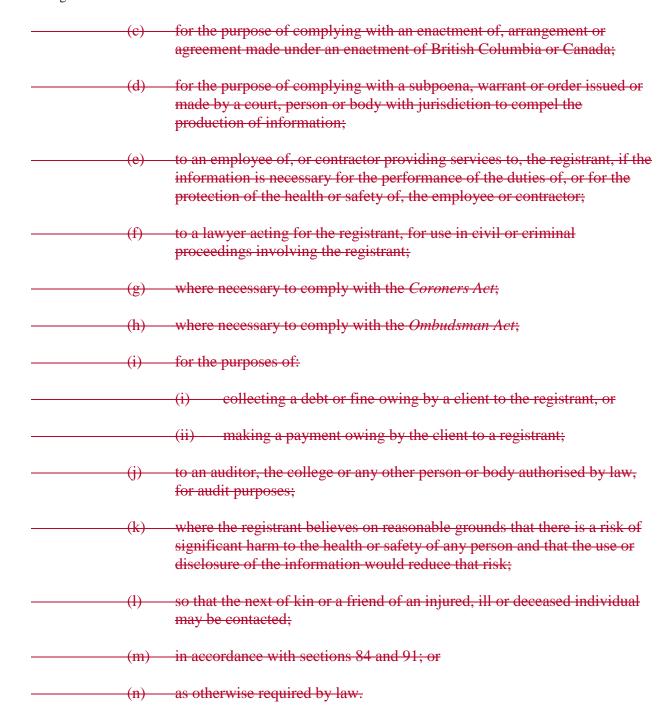
# Disclosure of personal information by a registrant

82.	A registrant shall maintain confidentiality of personal information and may disclose other
	relevant personal information only:



under sections 82 and 84.

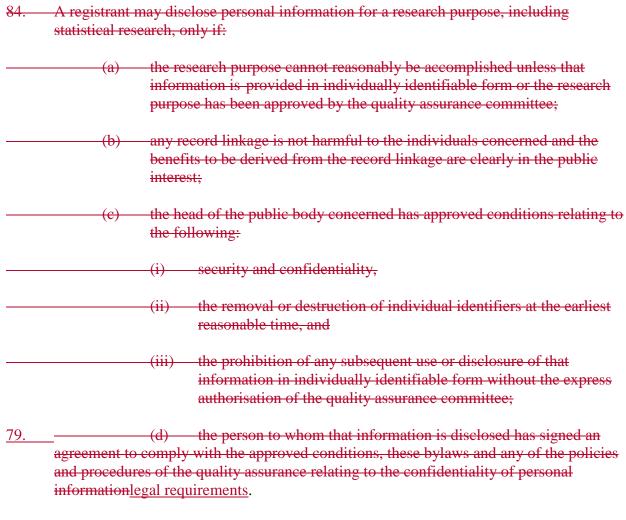




# **Definition of consistent purpose**

83. A use or disclosure of personal information is consistent with the purposes of providing health care services to a client or related administrative purposes under sections 81 and 82 if the use or disclosure has a reasonable and direct connection to either purpose.

### **Disclosure for research and statistical purposes**



### Storage and retention of personal information

- 80. 85.—(1) All records of midwifery care shall be retained for a period of twenty-one (21) years, but, if circumstances warrant, the registrant may keep these records for a longer period of time.
  - (2) Before resigning as a registered member or ceasing to practice midwifery in British Columbia a member shall ensure that all retained records of clinical care

are transferred to another registered member and shall notify the College of Midwives of British Columbia as to their whereabouts. The member to whom the record is transferred shall retain the record for the balance of the time referred to in subsection 85(1).

# **Manner of disposal of records**

86. A registrant shall ensure that (2) A registrant must ensure the safe and secure storage of all records.

### Transfer, destruction or disposition of medical records

- 81. A registrant must dispose of records are disposed of only by:
  - (a) transferring the record, to another registrant, or with the consent of the client, to another registrant, another health care practitioner or a health care agency, or to a person or organization retained by the registrant to act on the registrant's behalf to store records in a manner that is secure and provides reasonable access for the duration of the time set in section 82 (1),
  - (b) effectively destroying a physical record by utilising a shredder or by complete burning; shreddingor incinerating in a controlled environment, or
  - (c) erasing information recorded or stored by electronic methods on tapes, disks or cassettes in a manner that ensures all traces of the original data are destroyed and that the information cannot be reconstructed; or.
  - (d) transferring the record to the client.

### Registrant ceasing to practise

- 82. 87. (1) A registrant who ceases to practise for any reason shall dispose of personal information in accordance with this partsection 83, notify the college, and provide the college with a written summary of the steps he or she has taken to dispose of the personal information.
  - (2) A registrant shall make appropriate arrangements to ensure that, in the event that the registrant dies or becomes unable to practise for any reason and is unable to dispose of the personal information, the personal information will be safely and securely transferred to another registrant.
  - (3) A registrant who receives personal information transferred in accordance with subsection (2).

# **Protection of personal information**

- 88. (1) A registrant shall protect personal information by making or section 83 (a) must make a reasonable security arrangements against such risks as unauthorised access, collection, use, disclosure or disposal.
- (2) A registrant shall take reasonable measures to ensure that a third party, including a volunteer, employee of or contractor of attempt notify the registrant, a health professions

corporation, or a student practitioner or registrant under client concerned of the supervision of the registrant, does not access, collect, use, disclose, store or dispose of personal information except in accordance with the requirements of this Parttransfer.

### Contracts for handling personal information

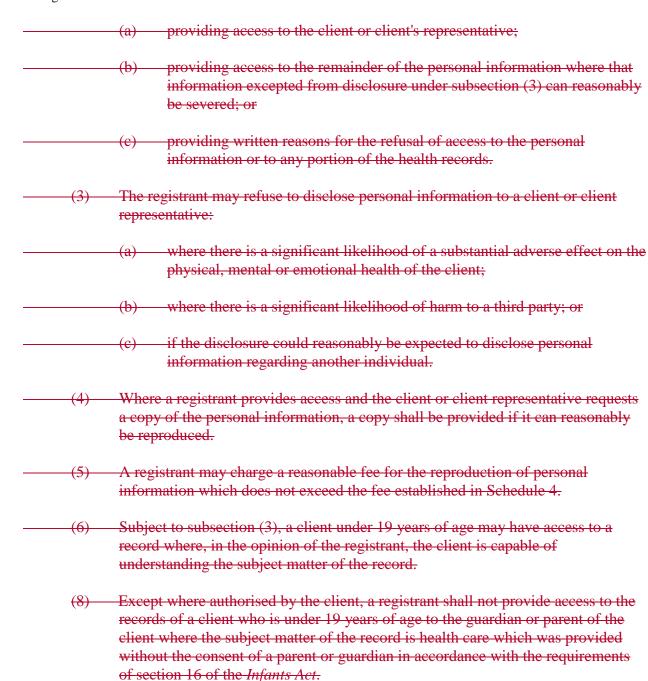
83. 89. A registrant shall ensure that, where personal information is transferred to any person or service organisation for processing, storage or disposal, a contract is made with that person which includes an undertaking by the recipient that <u>legal access</u>, confidentiality and physical security will be maintained.

# Remedying a breach of security

- 84. 90. A registrant shall take appropriate measures to remedy any unauthorised access, use, disclosure or disposal of personal information under this part as soon as possible after the breach is discovered, including:
  - (a) taking steps to recover the personal information or to ensure its disposal if it cannot be recovered:
  - (b) taking steps to ensure that any remaining personal information is secured;
  - (c) notifying:
    - (i) anyone affected by the unauthorised access including clients and other health care providers,
    - (ii) the college, and
    - (iii) law enforcement officials, where criminal action may have contributed to the unauthorised action; and
  - (d) modifying existing security arrangements to prevent a re-occurrence of the unauthorised access.

### **Client access to personal information**

- 91. (1) For the purposes of this section, "access to" means the opportunity to examine or make copies of the original record.
- (2) If a client or a client Representative makes a request for access to personal information about the client, the registrant shall comply as soon as practicable but not more than thirty (30) days following the request by:



# **PART VIII: STANDARDS OF PRACTICE**

92.	(1)	The college holds the registrants to the minimum standards for practising the profession of midwifery which reflect the essential knowledge, skills and abilities registrants are expected to have in order to perform or provide midwifery services in a safe, competent and professional manner, along with any related limits or conditions that must be observed or met to ensure registrants do not practise in an incompetent manner, as established herein or otherwise published by the board under section 19(1)(k) of the <i>Act</i> .		
	(2)	The standards of practice provide a framework to evaluate the midwife's practice to ensure that it is safe and consistent with the practice of midwifery in British Columbia.		
		STANDARD ONE	The midwife shall be the primary care provider within the midwives' scope of practice.	
		STANDARD TWO	The midwife shall collaborate with other health professionals and, when the client's condition or needs exceed the midwives' scope of practice, shall consult with and refer to a physician.	
		STANDARD THREE	If the pregnancy becomes high risk and primary care is transferred to a physician, the midwife may continue to counsel, support and advise the client at her request.	
		STANDARD FOUR	The midwife shall work in partnership with the client, recognising individual and shared responsibilities.	
		STANDARD FIVE	The midwife shall uphold the client's right to make informed choices and to provide consent throughout the childbearing experience.	
		STANDARD SIX	The midwife shall provide continuity of care to the client according to the Model of Practice throughout the childbearing experience.	
		STANDARD SEVEN	The midwife shall respect the client's right to make informed choices about the setting for birth and shall provide care in all appropriate settings. In each case, the midwife shall assess safety considerations and the risks to the client and inform her of same.	

STANDARD EIGHT	The midwife shall make every effort to ensure that a second midwife or a qualified birth attendant who is currently certified in neonatal resuscitation and cardiopulmonary resuscitation assists at every birth.
STANDARD NINE	The midwife shall ensure that no act or omission places the client at unnecessary risk.
STANDARD TEN	The midwife shall maintain complete and accurate health care records.
STANDARD ELEVEN	The midwife shall ensure confidentiality of information except with the client's consent, or as required to be disclosed by law, or in extraordinary circumstances where the failure to disclose will result in immediate and grave harm to the client.
STANDARD TWELVE	The midwife shall be accountable to the client, the midwifery profession and the public for safe, competent, and ethical care.
STANDARD THIRTEEN	The midwife shall participate in the continuing education and evaluation of self, colleagues and the community.
STANDARD FOURTEEN	The midwife shall critically assess research findings for use in practice and shall support research activities.
STANDARD FIFTEEN	The midwife shall only prescribe, order or administer drugs and substances in the categories set out in Schedules A and B of the <i>Regulation</i> and these shall be prescribed, ordered or administered in accordance with the standards of practice for prescribing, ordering and administering drugs.
STANDARD SIXTEEN	The midwife shall only order, perform or collect samples for and interpret screening and diagnostic tests in accordance with the standards of practice for ordering and interpreting screening and diagnostic

tests.

### PART IX: MARKETING AND ADVERTISING

85. 93. (1) In this Part:

"advertisement" means the use of space or time in a public medium, or the use of a commercial publication such as a brochure or handbill, to communicate with the general public or a segment thereof, for the purpose of promoting professional services or <u>products or enhancing</u> the image of the <u>registrant or advertiser if other than the registrant</u>.

# "marketing activity" includes:

- (a) an advertisement;
- (b) any publication or communication in any medium with any client, prospective client or the public generally in the nature of an advertisement, promotional activity or material, a listing in a directory, a public appearance or any other means by which professional midwifery services are promoted; and
- (c) contact with a prospective client initiated by <u>or under the direction of</u> a registrant.

"unprofessional" means if, in the determination of the discipline committee, the marketing activity is contrary to the best interest of the public or it tends to diminish the profession's ability to provide service of the highest quality.

- (2) Any marketing activity undertaken or authorised by a registrant in respect of her or his professional services shall not be:
  - (a) false;

(b) <u>or</u>inaccurate;

- (eb) reasonably capable of misleading expected to mislead the recipient or intended recipient;
- (d) <u>c)</u> unverifiable; or
- (d) contrary to the public interest in the practice of the profession, or
- (e (e) unprofessional.
- (3) The discipline committee shall find that a marketing) in bad taste, offensive, self-laudatory, or otherwise contrary to the honour and dignity of the profession or maintenance of a high standard of professionalism.

- 1. Marketing activity violates subsection (2) if it:
- 2. is calculated or likely to take advantage of or mislead the recipient, or intended recipient;
- 3. implies that the registrant can obtain results;
- 4. not achievable by other registrants,
- 5. by improperly influencing a public body or official, or any corporation, agency or person having any interest in the welfare of the recipient, or
- 6. by any other improper means; or
- 7. compares the quality of services provided with those provided by another registrant. Or registrants of other regulated health professions;
- 8. is likely to create in the mind of the recipient or intended recipient an unjustified expectation about the services the registrant can perform or provide results which the registrant can achieve;
- 9. makes claims of special skills that are not supported by the education and experience of the registrant, or announces or holds out that the registrant has special qualifications that are not possessed by the registrant; or
- 10. is for the purpose of marketing products and
  - (i) The primary purpose of the registrant's activity is the sale of a product(s),
  - (ii) The product being sold is not used in the provision of midwifery services, or
  - (iii) The registrant's practice is based on the use of a particular product which the client must purchase in order to use the registrant's midwifery services.
- 8.11. A registrant shall not state publicly that she or he speaks on behalf of the college unless she or he has been expressly authorised by the board to state the official position of the profession.
- 9.12. A registrant who, in any advertisement, includes a statement of fees for a specific service:

- 10.13. shall ensure that the statement sufficiently describes the fees and services so as to enable the recipient or intended recipient to understand the nature and extent of the services to be provided and the cost to the client; and
- 11.14. shall not, in the advertisement, compare the fees charged by the registrant with those charged by another registrant.
- 12.15. Unless otherwise authorised by the Act, the Regulation, these bylaws, or the board, a registrant:
  - (a) shall not use the title "specialist" or any similar designation suggesting a recognised special status or accreditation on any letterhead or business card or in any other marketing activity; and
- 13.16. shall take all reasonable steps to discourage use, in relation to the registrant by another person, of the title "specialist" or any similar designation suggesting a recognised special status or accreditation in any marketing activity.
  - (7) A registrant shall retain for one (1) year after the date of publication or broadcast of any advertisement or brochure, and shall provide to the board upon request:
- 17. a copy of any such publication;

- 14.18. a recording of any such broadcast made by use of any electronic media, including radio, television-and microwave transmission; and
- 15.19. Ia written record of when and where the publication or broadcast was made.
  - (9)(8) It is the duty of the registrant, when called upon by the discipline committee, inquiry committee, or the board to do so, to verify the statements made in her or his marketing activity.

# **SCHEDULES**

Schedule 1 – Moved to Midwives Regulation

Fees Schedule 2 - Moved to Midwives Regulation

### **Fees Schedule**

16.20.	ts or registrants shall be as follows:	The fees payable by
(a)	Non-refundable application fee for: (i) certificate of registration (ii) student registration (iii) reinstatement of registration	\$200 \$75 \$200
(b)	Registration fee for: (i) annual registration in year 2016	\$2,250
	<ul><li>(ii) temporary registration in year 2016</li><li>(iii) annual non-practising registration</li></ul>	\$225 per month \$300
	(iv) student registration (full year)	\$200

each year thereafter until Schedule <u>31</u> is further amended, inflationary increases of 2% will apply to annual practicing registration fee.

\$150

\$20 per month

17.21. Registrant's Handbook and/or Orientation to Midwifery Practice in BC - Electronic media version (including shipping) \$50

(d) BC jurisprudence examination \$300 per sitting

2 Fees listed in 1 (b) (i) will be prorated on a monthly basis for a registrant who is registered for less than a full year. A refund will be issued to a registrant who resigns registration or applies for non-practising status for any full months that person is not registered with written notice received by the College at a minimum of one month prior to the effective date of status change, for the balance of the registration year (or period paid for), less any fees owing to the College.

### 18.22. The following additional fees apply to registration matters:

student registration (school year)

student registration (clinical placement)

(a)	annual registration renewal administration fee:	\$50
(b)	fee for cheques/payments returned for insufficient funds (NSF) or decline of credit	card \$40
I	name change fee for a change to the official register and documents	\$75
(d)	duplicate documents (per registration document)	\$30
I	certificate of professional conduct	\$30
(f)	letter of good standing	\$100
(g)	request for second birth attendant	\$40
(h)	change of registration class administration fee	\$30
	additional request for change of registration class within the same registration year	\$100
(i)	practice name reservation letter to Corporate Registry	\$40
(j)	midwifery projects to serve women with diverse needs application fee	\$500
(k)	Quality Assurance Program non compliance fee	up to \$500
(1)	remediation ordered by the Inquiry Committee up	p to \$2,500

### **MAXIMUM FEES FOR INFORMATION REQUESTS**

- 1. For applicants other than commercial applicants:
  - (a) for locating and retrieving a record: \$7.50 per \(^1/4\) hour after the first 3 hours,
  - (b) for producing a record manually: \$7.50 per \( \frac{1}{4} \) hour,
  - (c) for producing a record from a machine readable record: \$16.50 per minute for cost of use of central mainframe processor and all locally attached devices plus \$7.50 per \(^1\)/4 hour for developing a computer program to produce the record,
  - (d) for preparing a record for disclosure and handling a record: \$7.50 per 1/4 hour,
  - (e) for shipping copies: the actual costs of shipping by method chosen by applicant,
  - (f) photocopies and computer printouts: \$.25 per page (8.5 x 11, 8.5 x 14) and \$.30 per page (11 x 17),
  - (g) for copying:
    - (i) floppy disks: \$10.00 per disk,
    - (ii) computer tapes: \$40.00 per tape, up to 2400 feet,
    - (iii) microfiche: \$10.00 per fiche,
    - (iv) 16 mm microfilm duplication: \$25.00 per roll,
    - (v) 35 mm microfilm duplication: \$40.00 per roll,
    - (vi) microfilm to paper duplication: \$.50 per page,
    - (vii) photographs (colour or black and white): \$5.00 to produce a negative, and

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$12.00 each for 16" x 20"
$9.00 each for 11" x 14"
$4.00 each for 8" x 10"
$3.00 each for 5" x 7",
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- (viii) photographic print of textual, graphic or cartographic records (8" x 10" black and white) \$12.50 each,
- (ix) hard copy laser print, B/W, 300 dots/inch: \$.25 each,

- (x) hard copy laser print, B/W, 1200 dots/inch: \$.40 each,
- (xi) hard copy laser print, colour: \$1.65 each,
- (xii) photomechanical reproduction of 105 mm cartographic record/plan: \$3.00 each,
- (xiii) slide duplication: \$.95 each,
- (xiv) plans: \$1.00 per square metre,
- (xv) audio cassette duplication: \$10.00 plus \$7.00 per 1/4
- (xvii) video cassette (1/4" or 8 mm) duplication: \$11.00 per 60 minute cassette plus \$7.00 per 1/4 hour of recording; \$20.00 per 120 minute cassette plus \$7.00 per 1/4 hour of recording,
- (xviii) video cassette VHS duplication: \$15.00 per cassette plus \$11.00 per 1/4 hour of recording, and
- (xix) video cassette (3/4") duplication: \$40.00 per cassette plus \$11.00 per 1/4 hour of recording.
- 2. For commercial applicants for each service listed in section 1: the actual cost of providing that service. Costs

#### COSTS

### **Interpretation**

- 1. In this tariff:
  - (1) "process" means the drawing, filing, service or delivery of a document and any amendment to it or particulars of it, but does not include an application made with respect to the process or any part of the process.
  - (2) "tribunal" means the discipline committee or a panel of the discipline committee.

#### **Scale of costs**

- 2. (1) Where a tribunal has made an order for costs, it may fix the scale, from Scale 1 to 3 in subsection (2), under which the costs will be assessed, and may order that one or more steps in the proceeding be assessed under a different scale from that fixed for other steps.
  - (2) In fixing the scale of costs the tribunal shall have regard to the following principles:
    - (a) Scale 1 is for matters of little difficulty;
    - (b) Scale 2 is for matters of ordinary difficulty or complexity;
    - (c) Scale 3 is for matters of more than ordinary difficulty or complexity.
  - (3) In fixing the appropriate scale under which costs will be assessed, the tribunal may take into account the following:
    - (a) whether a difficult issue of law, fact or construction is involved;
    - (b) whether an issue is of importance to a class or body of persons, or is of general interest;
    - (c) whether the result of the proceeding effectively determines the rights and obligations as between the parties beyond the relief that was actually granted or denied.
  - (4) Where an order for costs has been made, or where, on a settlement, payment of assessed costs has been agreed to, but no scale has been fixed or agreed to, then the costs shall be assessed under Scale 2, unless a party, on application, obtains an order of the tribunal that the costs be assessed under another scale.
  - (5) Where costs may be assessed without order or agreement, the scale of costs shall be fixed by the tribunal upon the assessment.

#### **Value of Units**

- 3. (1) The value for each unit allowed on an assessment is as follows:
  - (a) Scale 1 \$40 for each unit;
  - (b) Scale 2 \$80 for each unit;
  - (c) Scale 3 \$120 for each unit.
  - (2) Where maximum and minimum numbers of units are provided for in an Item in the Tariff, the tribunal has the discretion to allow a number within that range of units.
  - (3) In assessing costs where the Tariff indicates a range of units, the tribunal shall have regard to the following principles:
    - (a) one unit is for matters upon which little time should ordinarily have been spent;
    - (b) the maximum number of units is for matters upon which a great deal of time should ordinarily have been spent.

### **Per Diem Rates**

- 4. (1) Where in a Tariff Item a number of units is allowed for each day but the time spent during a day is not more than 4 hours, only 1/2 of the number of units shall be allowed for that day.
  - (2) Where in a Tariff Item a number of units is allowed for each day but the time spent during a day is more than 8 hours, the number of units allowed for that day shall be increased by 1/2 of the number.
  - (3) Where in a Tariff Item a number of units is allowed for preparation for an attendance but the time spent on the attendance is not more than 4 hours, only 1/2 of the number of units for preparation shall be allowed.
  - (4) Where in the Tariff units may be allowed for preparation for an activity, the tribunal may allow units for preparation for an activity that does not take place or is adjourned up to the maximum allowable for one day.

#### Offer to Settle Bill of Costs

- 5. (1) A party to an assessment may deliver to another party an offer to settle the amount of the bill of costs and, after the assessment has been completed, may produce the offer to the tribunal, and the tribunal shall determine whether the offer should have been accepted and, if so, may disallow items of the Tariff which relate to the assessment to the party presenting the bill, and:
  - (a) allow, by way of set off, items of the Tariff which relate to the assessment to the party making the offer, or
  - (b) allow double the value of items of the Tariff which relate to the assessment to the party presenting the bill and making the offer.

#### **Disbursements**

6. In addition to the tariff, actual reasonable disbursements are recoverable.

TARI	FF	
Item	Description	Units
1.	Instructions and Investigations	Minimum 1
	Correspondence, conferences, instructions, investigations or	Maximum 20
	negotiations by a party relating to a proceeding, whether before or	
	after commencement, for which provision is not made elsewhere in	
	this tariff.	
2.	Initiating Complaint	Minimum 1
	Review and consideration of letter of complaint or other	Maximum 10
	documentation initiating complaint and any reports submitted	
	regarding the complaint.	
3.	Initiating Process in Respect of Citation	Minimum 1
	All process for which provision is not made elsewhere in this tariff	Maximum 5
	for commencing a proceeding.	
4.	Disclosure	Minimum 1
	All processes associated with obtaining or providing disclosure of	Maximum 10
	evidence, including documents.	
5.	Pre Discipline Committee Hearing Applications	
	Preparation for a pre discipline committee hearing application, for	
	each day of hearing where the hearing is commenced:	
	(a) where unopposed;	2
	(b) where opposed.	3
6.	Pre Discipline Committee Hearing Application	
	For each day of attendance:	
	(a) where unopposed;	4
	(b) where opposed.	7
7.	Discipline Committee Hearing	5
0	Preparation for hearing for each day of hearing.	10
8.	Attendance at discipline committee hearing for each day.	10
9.	Process for making admission of facts	Minimum 1
		Maximum 10
10.	Pre-Hearing Conferences	Minimum 1
	Preparation for attendance at a pre-hearing conference for each day	Maximum 3
	of attendance	
11.	Attendance at Pre-Hearing Conference for each day.	Minimum 1
		Maximum 5
12.	Preparation of written argument where requested by the tribunal	Minimum 1
		Maximum 10
13.	Attendance at the hearing where party is ready to proceed and when	3
	hearing not commenced.	
14.	Settlement of Costs	Minimum 1
		Maximum 5
15.	Settlement of Order	Minimum 1
		Maximum 3

16.	Process relating to the tribunal signing the order.	Minimum 1
		Maximum 3
17.	Negotiations, including mediation, and process for settlement, or	Minimum 1
	dismissal of any proceeding if settled or dismissed as a result of	Maximum 10
	negotiations.	

DISBURSEMENTS			
Item	Including, but not limited to	Costs	
1.	Photocopying	\$0.15 per page	
2.	Binding costs	Actual Reasonable	
3.	Hearing Room Expenses	Actual Reasonable	
4.	Court Recorder and/or other expenses related to producing a record of the proceedings	Actual Reasonable	
5.	Expert Witness Fees	Actual Reasonable	
6.	Long Distance Telephone Charges	Actual Reasonable	
7.	Delivery Costs	Actual Reasonable	
8.	Courier	Actual Reasonable	
9.	Service Fees, Subpoenas, Citations, etc.	Actual Reasonable	
10.	Traveling and subsistence expenses for tribunal members and witnesses	Actual Reasonable	

# <u>Schedule 63 – Recognized Midwifery Education Programs</u>

### RECOGNIZED MIDWIFERY EDUCATION PROGRAMS

McMaster University Baccalaureate Midwifery Program

Ryerson University Baccalaureate Midwifery Program

Laurentian University Baccalaureate Midwifery Program

University of British Columbia Baccalaureate Midwifery Program

Canadian Midwifery Regulators Consortium Multi-jurisdictional

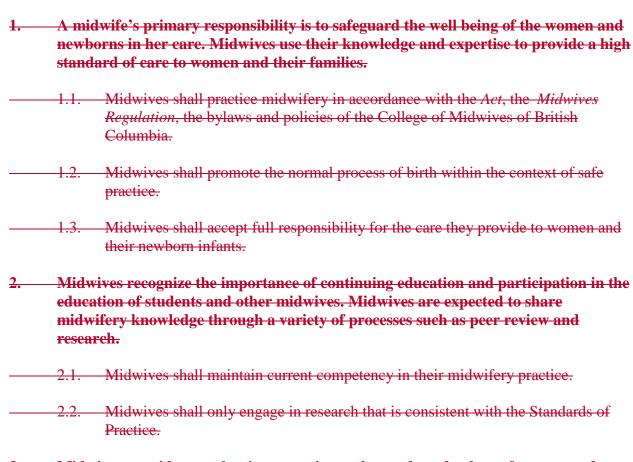
University of British Columbia Internationally Educated Midwifery

Bridging Program (interim recognition only)

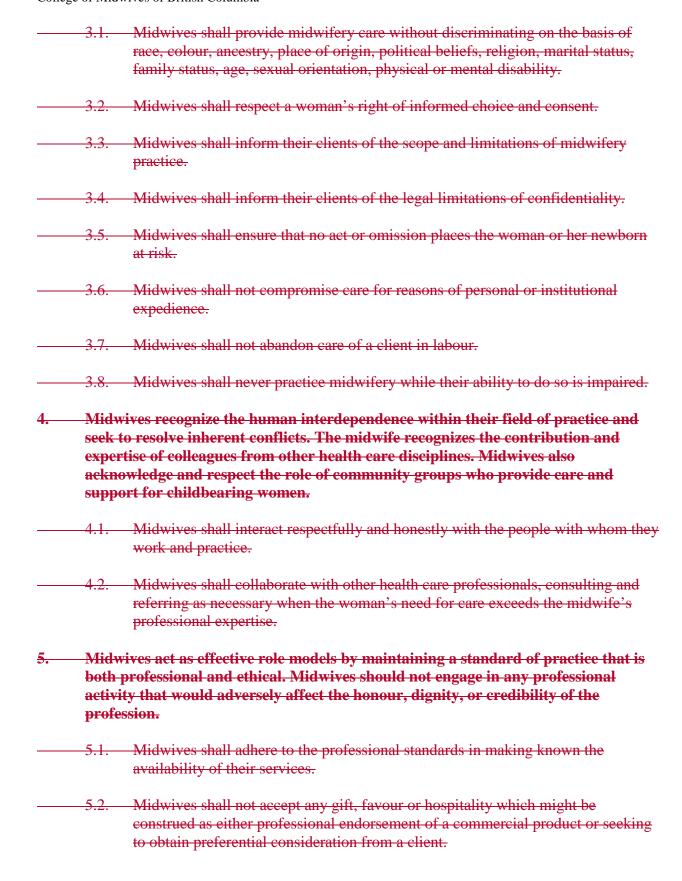
#### **CODE OF ETHICS**

These principles direct the conduct of midwives in their relationships with individuals, institutions and the community as a whole. They provide a framework to enhance the midwife's capacity for effective ethical decision making and reflection.

Midwives are professionals who recognize their accountability to their clients, the public and their profession. Midwives should always act in a manner that enhances the reputation of, and inspires public confidence in the profession.



3. Midwives provide care that is responsive to the needs and values of women and respect the dignity of their clients. Midwives work with women and support the woman's right to participate fully in decisions about her care. Midwives provide the best possible care in all circumstances. When a midwife is unable to provide care she should make a reasonable attempt to assist the woman to find appropriate alternate care. Midwives do not let their personal beliefs deprive their clients of essential health care services.



- 6. Midwives work with policy and funding agencies to determine women's need for health services and to promote the fair allocation of health care resources.
- 6.1. Midwives shall actively promote equal access to health care that meets the needs of childbearing women.



**APPENDIX 1 - Repealed** 

**APPENDIX 2** Moved to Schedule 7

